

## STIC Search Report Biotech-Chem Library

## STIC Database Tracking Number: 117078

TO: James Spear

Location: REM-4C81/4C70

**Art Unit: 1615** 

Thursday, March 25, 2004

Case Serial Number: 10/087929

From: Deirdre Arnold

**Location: Biotech-Chem Library** 

**REM 1A64** 

Phone: 571-272-2532

Deirdre.Arnold@uspto.gov

## Search Notes

### Examiner Spear:

Here are the results for your search request for the elected species in cl. 53. If you have any questions or would like to broaden the search to include derivative compounds, please contact me.

Thank you for using STIC services.

Regards, Deirdre Arnold





# STIC SEARCH RESULT FEEDBACK FORM

## **Biotech-Chem Library**

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the searcher or contact:

Mary Hale, Information Branch Supervisor Remsen Bldg. 01 D86 571-272-2507

/oli	untary Results Feedback Form
>	I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 1610
>	Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:
	102 rejection
	103 rejection
	☐ Cited as being of interest.
	Helped examiner better understand the invention.
	Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.
	Types of relevant prior art found:
	☐ Foreign Patent(s)
	<ul> <li>Non-Patent Literature         (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)     </li> </ul>
>	Relevant prior art <b>not found</b> :
	Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).
	Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.
Con	nments:



### SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Requestor's Name: James M. Spear Number: 10/087, 929 Date: 03-16-2004 Phone: 57/2720605 Art Unit: 16/S Mailbox-Remsen-Rm. 4C81

Search Topic:

Please write a detailed statement of search topic. Describe specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevent citations, authors, keywords, etc., if known. For sequences, please attach a copy of the sequence. You may include a copy of the broadest and/or most relevent claim(s).

PLEASE conduct a search for the compound of claim 1. In response to a restriction requirement applicant has elected claims to the species of claim 53 using 3 B-hydroxy-17 B-aminognarost-5-ene.
Page 17 attached.

#### STAFF USE ONLY

= /52/NIA		
Date completed:	Search Site	Vendors
Searcher: Arrold	sтіс	IG
Terminal time:	CM-1	STN
Elapsed time:	Pre-S	Dialog
CPU time:	Type of Search	APS
Total time:	N.A. Sequence	Geninfo
Number of Searches:	A.A. Sequence	SDC
Number of Databases:	Structure	DARC/Questel
	Bibliographic	Other

#### Spear 10/087,929 Inventor Search

03/25/2004

#### => file zcaplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 25 Mar 2004 VOL 140 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Mar 2004 (20040324/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

#### => file hcaplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 25 Mar 2004 VOL 140 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Mar 2004 (20040324/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

#### => file biosis

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 11:45:28 ON 25 MAR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.(R)

FILE COVERS 1969 TO DATE. CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT FROM JANUARY 1969 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 24 March 2004 (20040324/ED)

FILE RELOADED: 19 October 2003.

#### => FIL STNGUIDE

=> d que 167

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:45:33 ON 25 MAR 2004
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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Mar 19, 2004 (20040319/UP).

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		N"/AU)
L38	83	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON READING/AU OR "READING C"/AU
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L43	40	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("MARWAH P"/AU OR "MARWAH P
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L44	28	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON "PRENDERGAST P"/AU OR
		("PRENDERGAST PATRICK T"/AU OR "PRENDERGAST PATRICK THOMAS"/AU)
L45	672	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L37 OR L38 OR L39 OR L40 OR
		L41 OR L42 OR L43 OR L44)
L47	8	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 AND (?BLOOD? OR ?NEUTOPENI
		A? OR ?LEUKOPENIA? OR ?ERYTHROPENIA? OR ?BONE MARROW?)/TI
L49	_	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L47 AND BLOOD CELL/TI
L66		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 AND STEROID?/OBI SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR L49
L67	25	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L66 OR L49

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YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 25 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

L67 ANSWER 1 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:334636 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:332206

TITLE:

Methods and synthesis of compounds for the treatment

of blood cell disorders and

delayed adverse and unwanted effect of radiation

exposure

INVENTOR (S): Ahlem, Clarence N.; Reading,

Christopher; Frincke, James;

Stickney, Dwight; Lardy, Henry A.;

Marwah, Padma; Marwah, Ashok;

Prendergast, Patrick T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 198 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 675,470.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003083231	A1	20030501	US 2002-87929	20020301
US 6667299	B1	20031223	US 2000-535675	20000323 .
US 2003060425	A1	20030327	US 2001-820483	20010329
ZA 2001003845	Α	20020513	ZA 2001-3845	20010511
ZA 2001003852	Α	20020611	ZA 2001-3852	20010511
ZA 2001006980	Α	20030123	ZA 2001-6980	20010823
US 2004043973	A1	20040304	US 2002-319356	20021213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	. :		US 1998-109923P P	19981124
			US 1998-109924P P	19981124
•			US 1998-110127P P	19981127
			US 1998-112206P P	19981215
•			US 1999-124087P P	19990311
			US 1999-126056P P	19990323
			US 1999-137745P P	19990603
			US 1999-140028P P	19990616
			US 1999-145823P P	19990727
			US 1999-414905 B2	19991008
			US 1999-161453P P	19991025
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			US 2001-323016P P	20010910
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•	•		US 2001-338015P P	20011108
			US 2001-340045P P	20011130
			US 2001-343523P P	20011220
			US 2000-190140P P	20000316
			US 2000-257071P P	20001220

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:332206

The invention relates to the use of compds. to treat a number of conditions, such as blood cell disorders and symptoms and conditions associated with delayed adverse or unwanted effects of radiation therapy. Compds. that can be used in the invention include methyl-2,3,4-trihydroxy-1-0-(7,17dioxoandrost-5-ene-3 $\beta$ -yl)- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosiduronate,

 $16\alpha, 3\alpha$ -dihydroxy- $5\alpha$ -androstan-17-one or 3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxyandrost-5-ene, 3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxyandrost-4-ene,3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxyandrost-1-ene or 3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxyandrostane that can be used in the treatment method. Methods for the synthesis of those compds. are exemplified. Formulation and dosage of those compds. are claimed.

L67 ANSWER 2 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:241988 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:248958

TITLE:

Methods and formulations of steroid

compounds to modulate the immune and cellular response

in various pathological states.

INVENTOR(S):

Ahlem, Clarence N.; Frincke, James

M.; Dos Anjos De Carvalho, Luis Daniel; Heggie,

William; Prendergast, Patrick T.;

Reading, Christopher L.; Thadikonda, Krupakar

Paul; Vernon, Russell N.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 161 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 675,470.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

USA

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003060425 A1 20030327 US 2001-820483 20010329 US 6667299 B1 20031223 US 2000-535675 20000323 ZA 2001003845 A 20020513 ZA 2001-3852 20010511 ZA 2001006980 A 20030123 ZA 2001-6980 20010823 WO 2002069977 A1 20020912 WO 2002-US6708 20020301 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, NC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NR, SN, TD, TG US 2003083231 A1 20030501 US 2002-87929 20020301 EP 1372664 A1 20030501 US 2002-87929 20020301 EP 1372664 A1 20040102 EP 2002-709780 20020301 EP 1372664 A1 20040102 EP 2002-709780 20020301 FR: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, U, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR US 2004043973 A1 20040304 PRIORITY APPLN: INFO::  US 1998-110127P P 19981124 US 1998-110127P P 19981124 US 1998-110127P P 19981124 US 1998-110127P P 19981215 US 1999-124087P P 19990616 US 1999-137745P P 19990616		TENT :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			Α	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE				
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US 1999-449004
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                B2 19991124
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                B2 19991124
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                A2 20000323
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                B2 20000601
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                B2 20000601
US 2000-675470
                A2 20000928
US 2000-257071P P
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US 2000-190140P P
                   20000316
US 2001-272624P P
                   20010301
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US 2001-323016P P
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US 2001-328738P P
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US 2001-340054P P
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US 2001-338015P P
                   20011108
US 2001-340045P P
                   20011130
US 2001-343523P P 20011220
WO 2002-US6708
                W 20020301
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MARPAT 138:248958 OTHER SOURCE(S):

The invention provides compns. comprised of steroids, e.g.,  $16\alpha$ -bromo- $3\beta$ -hydroxy- $5\alpha$ -androstan-17-one hemihydrate and one or more excipients, including compns. that comprise a liquid formulation comprising less than about 3% volume/volume water. The compns. are useful to make improved pharmaceutical formulations. The invention also provides methods of intermittent dosing of steroid compds. such as analogs of  $16\alpha$ -bromo- $3\beta$ -hydroxy- $5\alpha$ -androstan-17-one and compns. useful in such dosing regimens. The invention further provides compns. and methods to inhibit pathogen replication, ameliorate symptoms associated with immune dysregulation and to modulate immune responses in a subject using the compds. The invention also provides methods to make and use these immunomodulatory compns. and formulations.

L67 ANSWER 3 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:216272 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:85533

TITLE:

Microwave induced selective enolization of steroidal ketones and efficient acetylation of

sterols in semisolid state

AUTHOR (S):

Marwah, Padma; Marwah, Ashok;

Lardy, Henry A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute for Enzyme Research, Department of Biochemistry, University of Wisconsin at Madison,

Madison, WI, 53726, USA

SOURCE:

Tetrahedron (2003), 59(13), 2273-2287

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

53

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 139:85533

Under microwave irradiation steroidal enones, more specifically, position three carbonyls were efficiently and selectively converted to the corresponding enol acetates in the presence of addnl. enolizable carbonyl functions at other positions, using acetic anhydride and a catalytic amount of toluene-p-sulfonic acid. Acetylation of hydroxyl groups of the sterols, including those at the hindered positions, was near quant. Strictly anhydrous conditions were not a pre-requisite for acetylation and the reaction system easily tolerated up to 10% (volume/volume) moisture.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L67 ANSWER 4 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:788256 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:180934

TITLE: Ergosteroids VII: perchloric acid-induced transformations of 7-oxygenated steroids and

their bio-analytical applications-a liquid chromatographic-mass spectrometric study

AUTHOR(S): Marwah, Ashok; Marwah, Padma;

Lardy, Henry

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Enzyme Research, Department of

Biochemistry, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI,

53726, USA

SOURCE: Bioorganic Chemistry (2002), 30(4), 233-248

CODEN: BOCMBM; ISSN: 0045-2068

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Sulfate esters of 7-oxo-Δ5-steroids can be selectively and quant. hydrolyzed to the corresponding free steroids in the presence of carboxylic acid esters by solvolysis with perchloric acid in Et acetate at room temperature Sulfates as well as carboxylic acid esters, Me ethers, and ketals can be quant. converted to the corresponding 3,5-diene-7-one derivs. by heating with perchloric acid in methanol at 65°. The dienes have a strong UV absorption with maximum centered around 284 nm. These reactions have been used for the characterization and structural

These reactions have been used for the characterization and structur elucidation of 7-oxygenated- $\Delta 5$ -steroids that are present in complex biomatrices and can also be used for the quant. estimation of total 7-oxo- $\Delta 5$ -steroids (free as well as conjugated) in biol. matrixes.

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 5 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:695788 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:226941

TITLE: Use of certain steroids for treatment of a

number of conditions including blood

cell deficiencies

INVENTOR(S): Ahlem, Clarence N.; Reading,

Christopher; Frincke, James; Stickney, Dwight; Lardy, Henry; Marwah, Padma; Marwah, Ashok;

Prendergast, Patrick T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

COUNCE. DOT THE Anni 202 an

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 383 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM, COUNT: 9

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	CENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	N NC	ο.	DATE				
		<b>-</b>			<u>-</u> -				_					<b>-</b> - <b>-</b> -				
WO	2002	0699	77	A	1	2002	0912		W	20	02-U	S670	8	2002	0301			
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
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             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                            20030327
                                           US 2001-820483
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                      A1
                            20040102
                                           EP 2002-709780
                                                            20020301
    EP 1372664
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
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                                        US 2001-328738P
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                                        US 1999-124087P P
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                                        US 2000-675470
                                                         A2 20000928
                                        US 2000-257071P P 20001220
                                        WO 2002-US6708
                                                         W 20020301
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 137:226941
    The invention relates to the use of compds. to treat a number of conditions,
     such as thrombocytopenia, neutropenia or the delayed effects of radiation
     therapy. Compds. that can be used in the invention include
    methyl-2,3,4-trihydroxy-1-0-(7,17-dioxoandrost-5-ene-3\beta-yl)-\beta-D-
    glucopyranosid ronate. Formulations containing the steroids are also
     exemplified.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                         13
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L67 ANSWER 6 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                         2002:498448 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:303980
TITLE:
                         Analysis of ergosteroids VIII: Enhancement of signal
                         response of neutral steroidal compounds in
                         liquid chromatographic-electrospray ionization mass
                         spectrometric analysis by mobile phase additives
AUTHOR (S):
                        Marwah, Ashok; Marwah, Padma;
                         Lardy, Henry
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Institute for Enzyme Research and Department of
                         Biochemistry, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI,
                         53705, USA
SOURCE:
                         Journal of Chromatography, A (2002), 964(1-2), 137-151
                         CODEN: JCRAEY; ISSN: 0021-9673
PUBLISHER:
                         Elsevier Science B.V.
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DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The signal response of moderately polar to nonpolar neutral steroidal compds. in pos. ion mode was significantly improved in electrospray ionization mode by addition of volatile organic acids (trifluoroacetic acid, acetic and formic) at concns. much lower than those normally employed for HPLC sepns. of ionic compds. Each of the three acids enhanced the sensitivity, the order being: formic acid (.apprx.50-200 ppm, volume/volume) > acetic acid (100-500 ppm) > trifluoroacetic acid (5-20 ppm). Higher concns. caused decrease in the sensitivity. The extent of increase in the sensitivity was compound specific and also depended on the nature of organic modifier present in the mobile phase. Acetic acid was the acid of choice for the 'wrong-way-round' ionization of sulfate conjugates. The postcolumn addition of silver nitrate produced highly stable (M + Ag)+ adducts with concomitant increase in signal response and reduction in baseline noise.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 33 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 7 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:935354 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:64094

The use of synthetic, non-hormonal 21-aminosteroids, TITLE: derivatives, metabolites, and precursors thereof in

the treatment of viral infections

INVENTOR(S): Prendergast, Patrick Thomas PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kotze, Gavin Salomon, S. Afr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT 1	NO.		KII	ND.	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NC	ο.	DATE			
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WO	2001	0977	49	A:	2	2001	1227		W	20	01-1	B110	1	2001	0622		
WO	2001	0977	49	A:	3	2002	0523										
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		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,
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		ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
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AB The invention discloses the use of synthetic, non-hormonal 21-aminosteroids, derivs., metabolites, and precursors thereof in the treatment of viral infections, particularly hepatitis and retroviral infection by HIV. Synthetic non-hormonal 21-aminosteroids are disclosed for use in the prophylaxis and therapy of hepatitis viral infections. These compds. can be administered alone or in combination with conventional antiviral agents.

L67 ANSWER 8 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

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ACCESSION NUMBER:
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2001:319912 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:331643

TITLE:

Therapeutic composition comprising steroids

for the treatments of blood cell

deficiencies

INVENTOR(S):

Frincke, James Martin; Reading,

Christopher L.; Prendergast, Patrick T. Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 147 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA	rent 1	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	ON NC	ο.	DATE			
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PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :							-			1999			
									1	WO 2	000-	US26'	771	W	2000	0928		

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:331643

The present invention provides methods and compns. to prevent or treat a hematopoietic disorder such as thrombocytopenia or neutropenia by administering to a subject an effective amount of a steroid such as 3,7,16,17-tetrahydroxy-androst-5-ene, 3,16,17-trihydroxyandrostane, 3-hydroxy-16-haloandrostane-17-one or 3,17-dihydroxy-16-haloandrostane (Markush structures given). Efficacy of  $16\alpha$ -bromoepiandrosterone (I) in increasing blood platelets and neutrophils in a patient infected with HIV virus is reported. A non-aqueous parenteral formulation contained I 100 mg/mL, PEG-300 30, propylene glycol 30, benzyl benzoate 30, and benzyl alc. 2%.

L67 ANSWER 9 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:293332 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:211172

TITLE:

Ergosteroids IV: synthesis and biological activity of

steroid glucuronosides, ethers, and

alkylcarbonates

AUTHOR (S):

Marwah, P.; Marwah, A.; Kneer, N.;

Lardy, H.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Biochemistry and Institute for Enzyme Research, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison,

WI, USA

SOURCE:

Steroids (2001), 66(7), 581-595

CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X

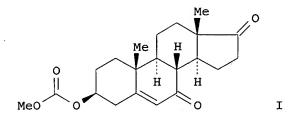
PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Elsevier Science Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 135:211172

GI



AB The 7-oxo derivative of dehydroepiandrosterone is more active than the parent steroid and is devoid of adverse side effects in rats, monkeys and humans. In anticipation of possible therapeutic use we have sought more active, longer lasting forms of 7-oxo- and 7 $\beta$ -hydroxydehydroepiandrosterones. The 7-oxo- and 7-hydroxy steroids have been converted to glucuronosides, ethers and carbonate esters. The syntheses of these compds. are described and their ability to induce the formation of liver thermogenic enzymes when fed to rats is reported. Some of the new derivs., e.g. I, were found to be somewhat more effective than the equimolar amts. of 7-oxo-DHEA with which they were compared in each experiment

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 10 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:247354 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:261560

TITLE:

Therapeutic treatment of androgen receptor driven

conditions using **steroids** or analogs

INVENTOR (S):

Lardy, Henry A.; Marwah, Padma

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 88 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  WO 2001023405 A2 20010405 WO 2000-US26848 20000928  W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CF, CN, CR, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EE, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KE, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MI, RU, TJ, TM  RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BC, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG																		
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WO 2001023405 A3 20020530  W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CF, CN, CR, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EE, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KF, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MI, RU, TJ, TM  RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BC										-								
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AU 2000077363
                       A5
                            20010430
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            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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                                        US 1999-157275P
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                         Ρ
                                                            19990930
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                                        US 1999-157347P
                                                             19990930
                                        US 1999-166116P
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                                                             19991116
                                        WO 2000-US26848
                                                         W
                                                             20000928
                         MARPAT 134:261560
OTHER SOURCE(S):
    A method is claimed to treat or prevent an androgen responsive disease in
     a subject, or to ameliorate one or more symptoms thereof, comprising
     administering to a subject, or delivering to the subject's tissues, an
     effective amount of a steroid or steroid analogs. The steroid is
     specifically an analog of 1,3,5(10)-estratriene-17\alpha-ethynyl-
     3\beta, 17\beta-diol; 17\alpha-ethynylandrostene-3\beta, 17\beta-diol;
     3\beta, 17\beta-dihydroxyandrost-5-en-16-one; or 3\beta-methylcarbonate-
     androst-5-en-7,17-dione. The androgen responsive disease is prostate
     cancer, benign prostatic hyperplasia, breast cancer, alopecia, acne,
    hypogonadism or hirsutism. The method further comprises administering to
     the subject a second therapy; the second therapeutic agent is
     hydroxyflutamide, leuprolide, megesterol, diethylstilbesterol,
     aminoglutethimide, spironolactone, tamoxifen, cyproterone acetate, or
     bicalutamide.
                               THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         28
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L67 ANSWER 11 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2000:688257 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         133:271689
                         immunomodulatory compns. and formulations of
TITLE:
                         steroids and bromoandrosterone hemihydrate in
                         particular
INVENTOR(S):
                         Ahlem, Clarence Nathaniel; Frincke, James
                         Martin; De Carvalho, Luis Daniel Dos Anjos;
                         Heggie, William; Prendergast, Patrick T.;
                         Reading, Christopher L.; Thadikonda, Krupakar
                         Paul; Vernon, Russell Neil
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
                       · PCT Int. Appl., 244 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                            20000928
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NZ 513803

EP 1163256

EP 1163256

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20010928

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NZ 2000-513803

EP 2000-918365

20000323

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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                           20020219
                                         BR 2000-9476
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                    Α
                      T2
                           20021126
                                         JP 2000-606618
                                                          20000323
    JP 2002540119
                                                          20010823
                    Α
                                         ZA 2001-6980
    ZA 2001006980
                           20030123
                                         NO 2001-4588
                      Α
                           20011121
                                                          20010921
    NO 2001004588
                                      US 1999-126056P P 19990323
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      US 1999-140028P P 19990616
                                      US 1999-414905 A 19991008
                                      US 1999-164048P P 19991108
                                      WO 2000-US7883 W 20000323
    This invention discloses compns. comprising steroids, e.g.,
AB
    16\alpha-bromo-3\beta-hydroxy-5\alpha-androstan-17-one hemihydrate (I)
    and one or more excipients, typically wherein the composition comprises less
    than about 3% water to make improved immunomodulatory and pharmaceutical
     formulations. The methods of intermittent dosing of steroid compds. such
    as analogs of I and compns. useful in such dosing regimens are provided.
    The compns. and methods to inhibit pathogen (viral) replication,
    ameliorate symptoms associated with immune dysregulation and to modulate
     immune responses in a subject using certain steroids and steroid analogs
     are also presented.
                              THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        17
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L67 ANSWER 12 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:420977 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        133:68934
                       Cytokine combination therapy for indications of
TITLE:
                       immunodeficiency
                      Prendergast, Patrick T.
INVENTOR(S):
                        Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        PCT Int. Appl., 80 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 9
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
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    WO 2000035472 A2
                           20000622
                                        WO 1999-IB2001
                                                          19991215
                     A3 20001109
    WO 2000035472
        W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
            CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,
            IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,
            MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
            SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM,
            AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
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            CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      US 1998-112206P P 19981215
                        MARPAT 133:68934
OTHER SOURCE(S):
    This invention relates to methods of treatment of persons and animals with
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This invention relates to methods of treatment of persons and animals with indications of immunodeficiency, wherein the the indication is resultant from viral and/or retroviral, bacterial, fungal or parasitic infection and/or plus infectious protein units. The method involves the administration of an agonist or antagonist to Th2 cytokines in combination with antiviral agents or immune-enhancing agents. In one aspect of the invention, the agonist or antagonist is a receptor to interleukin-4 (or

mutein receptor) which is administered in combination with an antiviral agent. Preferred antiviral/immune-enhancing agents include (a) compds. having a steroid skeleton (e.g. dehydroepiandosterone), and metabolites, analogs and precursors thereof, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts of any such compds., metabolites, analogs and precursors; (b) protease inhibitors; and (c) reverse transcriptase inhibitors. Also described is a method of enhancing viral replication as a means of exposing latent infection by the administration of an agonist or antagonist to a Th2 cytokine. Further provided are such methods comprising administering to a patient at least one Th2 cytokine and at least one agonist and/or at least one antagonist to said Th2 cytokine. There are also provided compns. and kits for use in such methods, as well as the use of such compds. in the manufacture of medicaments for treatment for various conditions.

L67 ANSWER 13 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:383906 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:22443

TITLE:

17-Ketosteroids and derivatives, metabolites and

precursors in the treatment of hepatitis C virus and

other togaviruses

INVENTOR(S):

Ahlem, Clarence Nathaniel; Frincke, James

Martin; Prendergast, Patrick T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; Colthurst Ltd

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 99 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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KIND DATE
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                        ______
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    WO 2000032177 A2
                          20000608
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                    A3 20010322
    WO 2000032177
        W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
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                   A 20010807
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    BR 9915644
                                                        19991124
    EP 1133287 .
                        20010919
                                       EP 1999-965050
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                    A2
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            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
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                          20030123
                                        ZA 2001-6980
                                                        20010823
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                     US 1998-109924P P
                                                        19981124
                                     US 1999-124087P P
                                                        19990311
                                     US 1999-126056P P
                                                        19990323
                                     WO 1999-US28082 W
                                                        19991124
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MARPAT 133:22443 OTHER SOURCE(S):

The invention provides the use of 17-ketosteroids, as well as derivs., metabolites and precursors of such compds., and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, in the treatment of prevention of hepatitis C type virus and/or hepatitis G type virus in patients in need of such treatment. In addition, the invention provides methods to treat or prevent togavirus infections, including infections by 1 or more alphaviruses, flaviviruses, such as yellow fever virus, hepatitis C virus and hepatitis G virus,

rubella viruses, or pestiviruses, such as bovine virus diarrhea virus. In addition, the invention provides combination therapies including administration of one or more compound of the present invention, as defined herein, and administration of one or more compound selected from plasma concentration-enhancing compds., macrophage stimulating factor, oxidation agents,

ribavirin and alpha-interferon, and/or oxygen ventilation. The compds. of the present invention may also be used to ameliorate or reduce 1 or more symptoms associated with a togavirus infection. Two lots of a non-aqueous formulation was made at a 16a-bromoepiandrosterone concentration of 50 mg/mL in 25% polyethylene glycol 300, 12.5% dehydrated EtOH, 5% benzyl benzoate, and 57.5% propylene glycol.

L67 ANSWER 14 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2000:383904 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:34421

TITLE: Use of 17-ketosteroid compounds and derivatives,

metabolites, and precursors thereof in treatment of

toxoplasmosis and cryptosporidiosis

Ahlem, Clarence Nathaniel; Frincke, James INVENTOR (S):

Martin; Prendergast, Patrick T.;

Thadikonda, Krupakar Paul

Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 87 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT 1	NO.		KII	ND :	DATE			A)	PPLI	CATIO	ON NO	o. :	DATE			
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	WO	2000	0321	76	A:	2	2000	0608		W	19	99-U	5280	80	1999:	1124		
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									1	US 1:	999-	1260	56P	P	1999	0323		
									-									

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:34421

17-Keto steroids and related compds., e.g.  $16\alpha$ -bromoepiandrosterone (I), and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts are used to treat infections with Toxoplasma or Cryptosporidium and to ameliorate or reduce symptoms associated with such infections. Thus, a suspension was prepared containing 50 mg I/mL in PEG-300 25, EtOH 12.5, benzyl benzoate 5, and propylene glycol 5%. I.v. administration of the steroids is preferred. The keto steroids may also be used to treat, or to ameliorate symptoms associated with, retroviral infections or malaria in humans.

L67 ANSWER 15 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:684497 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:332293

TITLE:

Suppression of  $\Delta 5$ -androstenediol-induced

androgen receptor transactivation by selective

steroids in human prostate cancer cells

AUTHOR (S):

Chang, Hong-Chiang; Miyamoto, Hiroshi; Marwah,

Padma; Lardy, Henry; Yeh, Shuyuan; Huang, Ko-En; Chang, Chawnshang

CORPORATE SOURCE:

George Whipple Laboratory for Cancer Research,

Departments of Pathology, Urology, Radiation Oncology, and the Cancer Center, University of Rochester Medical

Center, Rochester, NY, 14642, USA

SOURCE:

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the

United States of America (1999), 96(20), 11173-11177

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424 National Academy of Sciences

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

The authors' earlier report suggested that androst-5-ene-3β,7β-AB diol ( $\Delta 5$ -androstenediol or Adiol) is a natural hormone with androgenic activity and that two potent anti-androgens, hydroxyflutamide (Eulexin) and bicalutamide (Casodex), fail to block completely the Adiol-induced androgen receptor (AR) transactivation in prostate cancer cells. Here, the authors report the development of a reporter assay to screen several selective steroids with anti-Adiol activity. Among 22 derivs./metabolites of dehydroepiandrosterone, the authors found 4 steroids [number 4, 1,3,5(10)-estratriene-17 $\alpha$ -ethynyl-3,17 $\beta$ -diol; number 6,  $17\alpha$ -ethynyl-androstene-diol; number 8,  $3\beta$ ,  $17\beta$ dihydroxy-androst-5-ene-16-one; and number 10, 3β-methylcarbonateandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione] that have no androgenic activity and could also block the Adiol-induced AR transactivation in prostate cancer PC-3 cells. Interestingly, these compds., in combination with hydroxyflutamide, further suppressed the Adiol-induced AR transactivation. Reporter assays further showed that these four anti-Adiol steroids have relatively lower glucocorticoid, progesterone, and estrogenic activity. Together, these data suggest some selective steroids might have anti-Adiol activity, which may have potential clin. application in the battle against the androgen-dependent prostate cancer growth.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 27 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 16 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:745075 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:330902

TITLE:

Process for effecting allylic oxidation of allylic compounds using a combination of an alkali metal

periodate and an alkyl hydroperoxide

INVENTOR(S):

Marwah, Padma; Lardy, Henry A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Humanetics Corp, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------\_\_\_\_\_ -----`A1 19981112 WO 1998-US9159 WO 9850409 19980505

W: AU, CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,

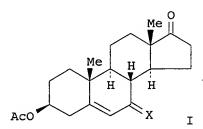
PT, SE

US 5869709 19990209 US 1997-851939 19970507 Α 19980505 AU 1998-72869 AU 9872869 19981127 Α1 19970507 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-851939 Α WO 1998-US9159 W 19980505

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 129:330902

GΙ



A procedure for oxidizing organic compds. having allylic hydrogen atom(s) AB involving the steps of reactively contacting the organic compound with a combination of an alkali metal periodate and an alkyl hydroperoxide is characterized by that the reaction can conveniently be conducted under ambient temperature and pressure conditions, and is conveniently conducted in a cosolvent system of water and organic solvent(s). Thus,  $3\beta$ acetoxyandrost-5-en-17-one (I; X = H,H) was dissolved in a mixture of acetone and petroleum ether containing aqueous tert-Bu hydroperoxide; sodium periodate in water was then added; after stirring for 20 - 24 h,  $3\beta$ -acetoxyandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione (I; X = 0) was isolated.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 17 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:663745 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:25222

TITLE:

Ergosteroids III. Syntheses and biological activity of

seco-steroids related to dehydroepiandrosterone

AUTHOR (S):

Reich, Ieva L.; Lardy, Henry; Wei, Yong; Marwah, Padma; Kneer, Nancy; Powell, Douglas

R.; Reich, Hans J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute for Enzyme Research and Department of

Chemistry, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, WI, 53705, USA

SOURCE:

Steroids (1998), 63(10), 542-553 CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

The unusual activity of some D-ring-seco estrogens led us to prepare several seco steroids related to dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) and to test for their ability to mimic thyroid hormone and 7-oxo-DHEA as inducers of thermogenic enzymes in rats' livers. Only one, 3β-acetoxy-17a-oxaandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione, was capable of inducing both mitochondrial glycerophosphate dehydrogenase and malic enzyme. The closely related 3β-hydroxy-17a-oxa-androsta-5,15-diene-7,17-diones induce the

formation of malic enzyme but not of glycerophosphate dehydrogenase. The  $3\beta$ -propionyl ester of the above  $14\alpha$  steroid was not active, presumably because it was not deacylated in vivo. The 16,17 dicarboxylic acid produced by opening the D-ring also induced the formation of malic enzyme but not of glycerophosphate dehydrogenase.  $3\beta$ -Acetoxyandrost-5-ene-7,16,17-trione, an intermediate in the synthesis of D-ring seco compds. enhanced the formation of both enzymes. Twelve other D-ring seco compds. were not active. Seco androstanes oxygenated at position 7 and with expanded A or B rings were not active.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 18 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:225218 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:16274

TITLE: Ergosteroids II: biologically active metabolites and

synthetic derivatives of dehydroepiandrosterone

AUTHOR(S): Lardy, Henry; Kneer, Nancy; Wei, Yong;

Partridge, Bruce; Marwah, Padma

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Enzyme Research, University of

Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53705-4098, USA

SOURCE: Steroids (1998), 63(3), 158-165

CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

An improved procedure for the synthesis of 3β-hydroxyandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione, a natural metabolite of dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) is described. The synthesis and magnetic resonance spectra of several other related steroids are presented. Feeding dehydroepiandrosterone to rats induces enhanced formation of several liver enzymes among which are mitochondrial sn-glycerol 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GPDH) and cytosolic malic enzyme. The induction of these two enzymes, that complete a thermogenic system in rat liver, was used as an assay to search for derivs. of DHEA that might be more active than the parent steroid. Activity is retained in steroids that are reduced to the corresponding  $17\beta$ -hydroxy derivative, or hydroxylated at  $7\alpha$  or  $7\beta$ , and is considerably enhanced when the 17-hydroxy or 17-carbonyl steroid is converted to the 7-oxo derivative Several derivs. of DHEA did not induce the thermogenic enzymes whereas the corresponding 7-oxo compds. did. Both short and long chain acyl esters of DHEA and of 7-oxo-DHEA are active inducers of the liver enzymes when fed to rats. 7-0xo-DHEA-3-sulfate is as active as 7-oxo-DHEA or its 3-acetyl ester, whereas DHEA-3-sulfate is much less active than DHEA. Among many steroids tested, those possessing a carbonyl group at position 3, a Me group at 7, a hydroxyl group at positions 1, 2, 4, 11, or 19, or a saturated B ring, with or without a 4-5 double bond, were inactive.

REFERENCE COUNT: 66 THERE ARE 66 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L67 ANSWER 19 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:180782 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:256389

TITLE: Immune direction therapy
INVENTOR(S): Prendergast, Patrick T.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Prendergast, Patrick T., Ire.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 83 pp.

contra praypo

CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

P		ENT 1									APPL:	CATI	ON NO	o. :	DATE			
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		W:	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	HU,	ID,	, IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,
			KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,
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N	NZ 335039				Α		2001	0427		N	IZ 19	997-3	3503	9	1997	0910		
S	SE 9900812				Α		1999	0308		5	SE 19	999-8	12		1999	308		
PRIORI	TY	APPI	LN.	INFO	. :				1	US 1	996	-2518	0P	P	1996	911		
									1	WO 1	997	-IB10	86	W	1997	0910		

Herein is described a specific amino acid sequence which exhibits specific AB ion (bridge) pair arrays enclosed on at least one side by non polar hydrophobic transmembrane segments, as a mechanism used by many infectious agents and a number of cytokine inhibitory factors, such as interleukin 10 and prolactin inhibitory factor and alpha-fetoprotein, to not only undermine the hosts immune defences but to also allow for the infection of target lymphoid tissue. It has been demonstrated that certain vaccines, when inoculated into a host, produced a range of neutralizing antibodies but failed to prevent infection when that host is later challenged with live infectious organism. This present patent illustrates that when such vaccine inoculation is coupled with passive immunization with mono or polyclonal antibodies to these specific amino acid sequences as specified herein that the host is then capable of overcoming the infectious challenge. Herein is described the therapeutic use of mono or polyclonal antibodies to these said specific sequences as a treatment for acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) and other disease states that persist due to the presence of a cytokine inhibitory factor of viral, fungal, bacterial or host origin such as chronic fatigue syndrome where interleukin 10 mimic mols. are responsible for a multitude of disease symptoms identified as indicative of myalgic encephalitis. Herein is described the therapeutic use of mono or polyclonal antibodies to these specific amino acid sequences as a combination therapy with vaccines and anti-viral agents to prevent side effects from certain immune modulation and anti-viral agents (e.g. DHEA and IL-12) which cause enhanced production of Interleukin 10 or AFP mimic mols. during therapy. Also herein is described the therapeutic use of these specific sequences either isolated from the organism source or produced by direct synthesis or recombinant protein synthesis. These peptides when administered to a patient suffering from an autoimmune disease, such as multiple sclerosis (MS), lupus (systemic lupus erythematosus) or diabetes or rheumatoid arthritis as limited examples or to transplant organ recipients, will allow the patient's immune state to be shifted to a Th2 antibody dependent immune response and curtail the Th1 (T cell dependent) immune attack which is evident in such immune malfunctions as MS and graft vs. host disease. Certain dermatol. conditions which are today treated by the use of

corticosteroid creams and ointment may also be successfully treated by replacing the corticosteroid with these mimic immunosuppressive AFP/interleukin 10 sequences outlined in this patent.

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L67 ANSWER 20 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:696638 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:727
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TITLE: DHEA combination therapy with interleukin antibodies for antiviral, antibacterial, antimycoplasmal; or

anti-intracellular parasite therapy

INVENTOR(S): Prendergast, Patrick T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Prendergast, Patrick T., Ire.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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KIND DATE
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                           19981113
                                          AU 1998-52219
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    AU 9852219
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                       US 1996-15695P
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                                                           19960417
                                       WO 1997-IB414
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                                       WO 1997-EP5716
                                                        W
                                                           19971016
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:727

AB There are provided medicaments, methods of making them, and kits, which include (1) a 17-ketosteroid compound and/or (2) anti-serum either poly- or monoclonal to Interleukin 10, Interleukin 2, or Interleukin 12, or with any compound which can effectively inhibit synthesis or the biol. function of Interleukin 10, Interleukin 12, or Interleukin 2, or with an Interleukin 10, Interleukin 12, or Interleukin 2 receptor mol.-blocking

agent, or with anti-serum, either polyclonal or monoclonal to human  $\alpha$ -fetoprotein. There are also provided methods of treatment involving such compds. or combinations of compds., including enhancing Th1 immune protective responses when using the 17-ketosteroid compound as an anti-viral, anti-bacterial, anti-mycoplasm or anti-intracellular parasitic agent.

L67 ANSWER 21 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:526532 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:222248

TITLE: Steroidal allylic fluorination using

diethylaminosulfur trifluoride: a convenient method

for the synthesis of  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $7\alpha$ - and

7β-fluoroandrost-5-en-17-one

AUTHOR(S): Marwah, Padma; Thoden, James B.; Powell,

Douglas R.; Lardy, Henry A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Enzyme Res., Univ. Wisconsin-Madison, Madison,

WI, USA

SOURCE: Steroids (1996), 61(8), 453-460

CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 125:222248

Findings regarding fluorination of the diastereomeric  $3\beta$ -acetoxy-7hydroxyandrost-5-en-17-ones at the allylic 7-hydroxyl group using diethylaminosulfur trifluoride under various exptl. conditions are discussed. The reaction led to the formation of allylic  $7\alpha$ - and 7β-fluoro derivs., contaminated with small amts. of  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $5\alpha$ -fluoroandrost-6-en-17-one, the rearrangement product, and  $3\beta$ -acetoxyandrosta-4,6-dien-17-one, the elimination product. However, synthesis of  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $7\alpha$ -fluoroandrost-5en-17-one and 3β-acetoxy-7β-fluoroandrost-5-en-17-one has been achieved in high isomeric purity by careful manipulation of the exptl. conditions. Also included herein is a convenient chemical synthesis of pure  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $7\alpha$ -hydroxyandrost-5-en-17-one and  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $7\beta$ -hydroxyandrost-5-en-17-one, the starting materials for the present fluorination reaction. The structure of a degradation product, 3β-acetoxy-5α-hydroxyandrost-6-en-17-one, has been established by X-ray diffraction anal. to ascertain unambiguously its absolute configuration.

L67 ANSWER 22 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:219211 HCAPLUS

TITLE: Steroidal allylic fluorination using dast.

AUTHOR(S): Marwah, Padma; Lardy, Henry

CORPORATE SOURCE: Enzyme Institute, University Wisconsin, Madison, WI,

53705, USA

SOURCE: Book of Abstracts, 211th ACS National Meeting, New

Orleans, LA, March 24-28 (1996), FLUO-020. American

Chemical Society: Washington, D. C.

CODEN: 62PIAJ

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; Meeting Abstract

LANGUAGE: English

AB During course of our investigations in developing more active derivs. of dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) we became interested in the synthesis of isomeric 3β-acetoxy-7-fluoro-androst-5-en-17-one. This work discusses our findings regarding fluorination of the 3β-acetoxy-7-hydroxy-androst-5-en-17-one at the allylic 7-hydroxyl group using diethylaminosulfur trifluoride (DAST) under various exptl. conditions.

The reaction led to the formation of  $7\alpha$  and  $7\beta$  fluoro derivs. contaminated with small amts. of  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $5\alpha$ -fluoro-androst-6-en-17-one, the rearrangement product and  $3\beta$ -acetoxy-androst-4, 6-dien-17-one, the elimination product. However, synthesis of  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $7\alpha$ -fluoro-androst-5-en-17-one and  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $7\beta$ -fluoro-androst-5-en-17-one has been achieved in high isomeric purity ( > 98% ) by careful manipulation of the exptl. conditions. Also included herein is a convenient chemical synthetic route for the synthesis of pure  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $7\alpha$ -hydroxy-androst-5-en-17-one and  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $7\beta$ -hydroxy-androst-5-en-17-one, the starting materials for the present fluorination reaction.

L67 ANSWER 23 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:677022 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:75084

TITLE: Ergosteroids: induction of thermogenic enzymes in

liver of rats treated with steroids derived

from dehydroepiandrosterone

AUTHOR(S): Lardy, Henry; Partridge, Bruce; Kneer,

Nancy; Wei, Yong

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Enzyme Res., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI,

53705, USA

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the

United States of America (1995), 92(14), 6617-19

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

PUBLISHER: National Academy of Sciences

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA), an intermediate in the biosynthesis of testosterone and estrogens, exerts several physiol. effects not involving the sex hormones. When fed to rats it induces the thermogenic enzymes mitochondrial sn-glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and cytosolic malic enzyme in their livers. Animals and humans, and their excised tissues, are known to hydroxylate DHEA at several positions and to interconvert 7α-hydroxy-DHEA, 7β-hydroxy-DHEA, 7-oxo-DHEA, and the corresponding derivs. of androst-5-enediol. The authors report here that these 7-oxygenated derivs. are active inducers of these thermogenic enzymes in rats and that the 7-oxo derivs. are more active than the parent steroids. The authors postulate that the 7α-hydroxy and 7-oxo derivs. are on a metabolic pathway from DHEA to more active steroid hormones. These 7-oxo steroids have potential as therapeutic agents because of their increased activity and because they are not convertible to either testosterone or estrogens.

L67 ANSWER 24 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:582455 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:322644

CORPORATE SOURCE:

TITLE: Purity, assay and resolution from impurities of

IDPH-8261, a new non-steroidal

antiinflammatory agent, using normal phase high

performance liquid chromatography

AUTHOR(S): Marwah, A. K.; Marwah, Padma; Rao,

G. Shankar; Srinivas, J. S.; Rao, B. E.; Raghuveer, S. Res. Cent., Indian Drugs Pharm. Ltd., Hyderabad, 500

037. India

SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic

Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1995),

34B(6), 557-9

CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

PUBLISHER: Publications & Information Directorate, CSIR

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB A simple, precise and accurate method for the purity and assay of IDPH-8261, a new non-steroidal antiinflammatory agent, using high performance liquid chromatog. is described herein. IDPH-8261 has been resolved from its intermediates and likely impurities by phase isocratic HPLC using  $\mu\text{-Porasil}$  and  $\mu\text{-Bondapack-CN}$  columns. The method can be applied to pharmaceutical quality control.

L67 ANSWER 25 OF 25 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1957:101468 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 51:101468
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 51:18343e-g

TITLE: Effect of certain steroids on metabolic rate

of hyperthyroid rats

AUTHOR(S): Doisy, R. J.; Lardy, H. A. CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. of Wisconsin, Madison

SOURCE: Am. J. Physiol. (1957), 190, 142-6

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AB The effects of certain steroids on the elevated basal metabolic rate (BMR) associated with thyrotoxicosis were studied. Under the exptl. conditions the adrenal cortical hormones had no effect, whereas large doses of estrogenic hormones caused marked depressions of the elevated BMR of hyperthyroid male rats. This antagonism of the calorigenic action of the thyroid hormones was shown also in adrenalectomized and adrenalectomized thyroidectomized rats. It would appear that this antagonism between the estrogenic and thyroid hormones is not mediated via the pituitary, adrenal, or thyroid glands.

#### => d que 165

- L50 28 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("AHLEM C"/AU OR "AHLEM C N"/AU) OR ("AHLEM CLARENCE"/AU OR "AHLEM CLARENCE N"/AU OR "AHLEM CLARENCE NATHANIEL"/AU)
- L51

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  CHRIS"/AU OR "READING CHRIS C"/AU OR "READING CHRIS L"/AU OR
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  CHRISTOPHER L"/AU OR "READING CHRISTOPHER R"/AU)
- L52 67 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("FRINCKE J"/AU OR "FRINCKE J H"/AU OR "FRINCKE J M"/AU OR "FRINCKE JAMES"/AU OR "FRINCKE JAMES M"/AU)
- L53 43 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("STICKNEY D G"/AU OR "STICKNEY D R"/AU) OR ("STICKNEY DWIGHT"/AU OR "STICKNEY DWIGHT R"/AU)
- L54 312 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("LARDY H"/AU OR "LARDY H
  A"/AU OR "LARDY H S"/AU OR "LARDY HENRY"/AU OR "LARDY HENRY
  A"/AU)
- L55 17 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("MARWAH A"/AU OR "MARWAH A K"/AU OR "MARWAH ASHOK"/AU OR "MARWAH ASHOK K"/AU)
- L56 23 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("MARWAH P"/AU OR "MARWAH P K"/AU OR "MARWAH PADMA"/AU)
- L57

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  T"/AU OR "PRENDERGAST PATRICK J"/AU OR "PRENDERGAST PATRICK

  T"/AU)
- L58 697 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L50 OR L51 OR L52 OR L53 OR L54 OR L55 OR L56 OR L57)
- L61 28 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON L58 AND ?STEROID?

4 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON L61 AND 00520/CC L62 5 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON L61 AND (?CONGRESS? OR CONG# L63 OR ?CONFERENCE? OR CONF OR ?POSTER? OR POST OR ?SYMPOS? OR

SYMP OR SYM OR ?MEET? OR MTG OR ?FORUM? OR FOR OR FORA OR

?ASSEMB? OR ASS)/DT,SO,ST,CT,CW,IT,MT,BI

7 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON L61 AND (?WORKSHOP? OR WKSP OR L64 ?COLLOQ? OR COLL OR ?SESSION? OR SESS OR ?SEMINAR? OR SEM OR

?TRANSAC? OR TRANS OR ?PROCEED? OR PROC OR ?ABSTRACT? OR ABS OR ABST OR ABSTR OR ?REVIEW? OR REV)/DT, SO, ST, CT, CW, IT, MT, BI

8 SEA FILE=BIOSIS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L62 OR L63 OR L64) L65

=> d ibib ab 165 1-

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'BIOSIS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 8 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN L65 ANSWER 1 OF 8

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2004:72855 BIOSIS PREV200400072000

TITLE:

Non-toxic steroids limit Th1 or Th2 biased

inflammation: Metabolites and synthetic derivatives of dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) may address the most

challenging unmet medical needs of our time.

Reading, Christopher L. [Reprint Author]; AUTHOR (S):

Stickney, Dwight [Reprint Author]; Trauger, Richard [Reprint Author]; Dowding, Charles [Reprint Author]; Ahlem, Clarence [Reprint Author]; Auci, Dominick L.

[Reprint Author]; Frincke, James M. [Reprint

Author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: HollisEden Pharmaceuticals, 4435 Eastgate Mall, San Diego,

CA, 92121, USA

FASEB Journal, (April 14 2003) Vol. 17, No. 7, pp. C80-C81. SOURCE:

Meeting Info.: 90th Anniversary Annual Meeting of the American Association of Immunologists. Denver, CO, USA: May 06-10, 2003. American Association of

Immunologists.

ISSN: 0892-6638 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 4 Feb 2004

Last Updated on STN: 4 Feb 2004

L65 ANSWER 2 OF 8

BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN 2002:418336 BIOSIS

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PREV200200418336

TITLE:

Elevated inflammation-related transcripts in HIV-infected

individuals are decreased after administration of

16-alpha-bromoepiandrosterone (HE2000): An

immunostimulatory steroid.

AUTHOR (S):

Reading, C. [Reprint author]; Khoury, G.; Giese,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

T.; Frincke, J. [Reprint author]

Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., San Diego, CA, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Leukocyte Biology Supplement, (2001) No. 2001,

pp. 70-71. print.

Meeting Info.: Joint Meeting of the Society for

Leukocyte Biology and the International Cytokine Society:

The Cytokine Odyssey 2001. Maui, HI, USA. November

08-11, 2001. Society for Leukocyte Biology;

International Cytokine Society.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 7 Aug 2002

Last Updated on STN: 7 Aug 2002

ACCESSION NUMBER:

L65 ANSWER 3 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2002:151974 BIOSIS

PREV200200151974

TITLE:

Hematopoietic activity of dehydroepiandrosterone derivatives 3beta, 7beta, 17beta Androstenetriol, 3beta, 17beta Androstenediol, and 16alpha bromoepiandrosterone in

mice and man.

AUTHOR (S):

Dowding, Charles [Reprint author]; Richard, Brigitte

[Reprint author]; Frincke, James [Reprint author]; Stickney, Dwight [Reprint author];

Reading, Chris [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., San Diego, CA, USA Blood, (November 16, 2001) Vol. 98, No. 11 Part 2, pp.

148b. print.

Meeting Info.: 43rd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology, Part 2. Orlando, Florida, USA. December 07-11, 2001. American Society of Hematology.

CODEN: BLOOAW. ISSN: 0006-4971.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE:

English

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 21 Feb 2002

Last Updated on STN: 26 Feb 2002

Purpose: The natural metabolites of dehydroepiandrosterone, 3beta, 7beta, AB 17beta Androstenetriol (AET), and 3beta, 17beta Androstenediol (AED), decrease mortality in murine models of radiation (8 Gy) induced myelosuppression (R. Loria, et al., Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences (1999):860-866, and M. Whitnall et al., Int. J. Immunopharmacology (2000) 22:1-14). To further understand the hematopoietic activity of these immunosteroid molecules, AET, AED, and the synthetic derivative 16alpha bromoepiandrosterone (BrEA), were administered to healthy and myelosuppressed male B6D2F1 mice. Method: The immunosteroid molecules were administered subcutaneously for five consecutive days (5 mg/day) with the first dose injected immediately after intraperitoneal injection of cyclophosphamide (200 mg/kg) or saline on Day 1. Absolute blood differential counts were determined on Days 1, 3, 5, 8, 9, 10 and 15. Spleen weights were recorded on Days 1, 5, 9, 12 and 15. Results: In saline-treated animals, AET increased both the absolute neutrophil and lymphocyte counts 1.7-fold on Day 8, and spleen weight 1.5-fold on Day 9, compared with vehicle-treated animals. AED and BrEA had no apparent hematopoietic effect. In cyclophosphamide-treated animals, the absolute neutrophil counts on Day 8 were increased 3.8-fold (AET), 6.6-fold (AED) and 2.4-fold (BrEA), and spleen weights on Day 9 were increased 1.3-fold (AET), 2.0-fold (AED), and 1.3-fold (BrEA), compared with vehicle-treated controls. Platelet counts were increased 1.2-fold on Day 15 (AET), 1.5-fold on Day 10 (AED), and 1.1-fold on Day 10 (BrEA). Clinical study: Anti-retroviral naive, HIV-1-infected, patients (CD4=200/muL) were treated with five sequential daily intramuscular injections of BrEA (50, 100 or 200mg). This regimen was repeated every six weeks for three treatment courses and the absolute blood WBC differential counts were determined approximately every two

weeks. For the WBC absolute differential counts, the daily average area under the curve (AUC) for the entire period was calculated. There were significant increases in the mean AUC for platelets (+7%), monocytes (+10%) and neutrophils (+11%). The average peak value after dosing was a 31% increase for platelets (range, 0.2-122%, n=37), a 60% increase for monocytes (range -12 to 189%, n=37), and a 66% increase for neutrophils (range -25 to 297%, n=37). Conclusion: The immunosteroid AET showed hematopoietic activity in both normal and myelosuppressed mice, whereas AED and BrEA demonstrated hematopoietic activity only in myelosuppressed mice. BrEA also increased absolute neutrophil, monocyte and platelet counts in patients with HIV-1 infection. It is possible that these molecules possess novel hematopoietic activity that may be useful in treating therapy- or infection-related myelosuppression.

L65 ANSWER 4 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:72210 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200200072210

High-performance liquid chromatographic analysis of TITLE:

dehydroepiandrosterone.

Marwah, Ashok; Marwah, Padma; AUTHOR (S):

Lardy, Henry [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Enzyme Research, Department of Biochemistry,

University of Wisconsin at Madison, 1710 University Avenue,

Madison, WI, 53705, USA halardy@facstaff.wisc.edu

Journal of Chromatography A, (23 November, 2001) Vol. 935, SOURCE:

> No. 1-2, pp. 279-296. print. CODEN: JOCRAM. ISSN: 0021-9673.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article English LANGUAGE:

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Jan 2002

Last Updated on STN: 25 Feb 2002

Qualitative and quantitative analysis of dehydroepiandrosterone and its conjugates in biological matrices and establishment of their relationships with physiological functions is a very active field. This review article discusses methods of separation and quantification of dehydroepiandrosterone and its conjugates using high-performance liquid

chromatographic techniques.

L65 ANSWER 5 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

2001:505936 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200100505936

An adrenal steroid derivative is an TITLE:

immunomodulator in HIV infected individuals.

AUTHOR(S): Merigan, T. C. [Reprint author]; Gray, C. M.; Frincke,

J.; Reading, C.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, CA, USA Antiviral Research, (July, 2001) Vol. 51, No. 1, pp. 23. SOURCE:

Meeting Info.: HIV DART 2000: Frontiers in Drug Development for Antiretrovial Therapies. Carolina,

Puerto Rico. December 17-21, 2000. CODEN: ARSRDR. ISSN: 0166-3542.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference; (Meeting)

Conference; Abstract; (Meeting Abstract)

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 31 Oct 2001

Last Updated on STN: 23 Feb 2002

L65 ANSWER 6 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:542787 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200000542787

TITLE: Safety and pharmacokinetic study with escalating doses of

3-acetyl-7-oxo-dehydroepiandrosterone in healthy male

volunteers.

AUTHOR(S): Davidson, Michael; Marwah, Ashok; Sawchuk, Ronald

J.; Maki, Kevin; Marwah, Padma; Weeks, Charles;

Lardy, Henry [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Enzyme Research, 1710 University Ave.,

Madison, WI, 53705, USA

SOURCE: Clinical and Investigative Medicine, (Octobre, 2000) Vol.

23, No. 5, pp. 300-310. print. CODEN: CNVMDL. ISSN: 0147-958X.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 13 Dec 2000

Last Updated on STN: 11 Jan 2002

Objectives: To evaluate the safety and pharmacokinetics of AB 3-acetyl-7-oxo-DHEA (3beta-acetoxyandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione) given orally. Design: A randomized, double blind, placebo-controlled, escalating dose study. Setting: The Chicago Center for Clinical Research. Participants: Twenty-two healthy men. Study method: The participants received placebo (n = 6) or 3-acetyl-7-oxo-DHEA (n = 16) at 50 mg/d for 7 days followed by a 7-day washout; 100 mg/d for 7 days followed by a 7-day washout; and 200 mq/d for 28 days. Outcome measures: Safety parameters, evaluated at each dose level, included measurement of total testosterone, free testosterone, dihydrotestosterone, estradiol, cortisol, thyroxin and insulin levels. Analyses for 7-oxo-DHEA-3beta-sulfate (DHEA-S), the only detectable metabolic product of the administered steroid, were conducted on plasma drawn from all subjects at 0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 6 and 12 hours after the final 100 mg dose of 3beta-acetyl-7-oxo-DHEA. Results: There were no differences in the clinical laboratory values or in reported minor adverse experiences, between treatment and placebo groups. In general, blood hormone concentrations were unaffected by the treatment with 3beta-acetyl-7-oxo-DHEA and remained within the normal range. in vital signs, blood chemistry or urinalysis occurred during treatment with 3beta-acetyl-7-oxo-DHEA compared to placebo. The administered steroid was not detected in the blood but was rapidly converted to 7-oxo-DHEA-S, the concentrations of which were proportional to dose. This steroid sulfate did not accumulate; plasma concentrations 12 hours after the 3beta-acetyl-7-oxo-DHEA dose at 7 and 28 days on the 200 mg/d dose were 15.8 and 16.3 mug/L respectively. The mean time to peak plasma level of 7-oxo-DHEA-S was 2.2 hours; the mean half life was 2.17 hours. The apparent clearance averaged 172 L/h, and the apparent mean volume of distribution was 540 L. Conclusion: These results indicate that 3beta-acetyl-7-oxo-DHEA is safe and well tolerated in normal healthy men at doses up to 200 mg/d for 4 weeks.

L65 ANSWER 7 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:505837 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199900505837

TITLE: Suppression of DELTA5-androstenediol-induced androgen

receptor transactivation by selective steroids in human prostate cancer cells.

AUTHOR(S): Chang, Hong-Chiang; Miyamoto, Hiroshi; Marwah,

Padma; Lardy, Henry; Yeh, Shuyuan; Huang, Ko-En; Chang, Chawnshang [Reprint author]

CORPORATE SOURCE: George Whipple Laboratory for Cancer Research, Department

of Pathology, and the Cancer Center, University of Rochester Medical Center, Rochester, NY, 14642, USA SOURCE:

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences

of the United States of America, (Sept. 28, 1999) Vol. 96,

No. 20, pp. 11173-11177. print. CODEN: PNASA6. ISSN: 0027-8424.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Article English

LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 23 Nov 1999

Last Updated on STN: 5 Jun 2000

Our earlier report suggested that androst-5-ene-3beta,7beta-diol AB (DELTA5-androstenediol or Adiol) is a natural hormone with androgenic activity and that two potent anti-androgens, hydroxyflutamide (Eulexin) and bicalutamide (Casodex), fail to block completely the Adiol-induced androgen receptor (AR) transactivation in prostate cancer cells. Here, we report the development of a reporter assay to screen several selective steroids with anti-Adiol activity. Among 22 derivatives/metabolites of dehydroepiandrosterone, we found 4 steroids (number 4, 1,3,5(10)-estratriene-17alpha-ethynyl-3,17betadiol; number 6, 17alpha-ethynyl-androstene-diol; number 8, 3beta,17betadihydroxy-androst-5-ene-16-one; and number 10, 3beta-methylcarbonate-androst-5-ene-7,17-dione) that have no androgenic activity and could also block the Adiol-induced AR transactivation in prostate cancer PC-3 cells. Interestingly, these compounds, in combination with hydroxyflutamide, further suppressed the Adiol-induced AR transactivation. Reporter assays further showed that these four anti-Adiol steroids have relatively lower glucocorticoid, progesterone, and estrogenic activity. Together, these data suggest some selective steroids might have anti-Adiol activity, which may have potential clinical application in the battle against the androgen-dependent prostate cancer growth.

L65 ANSWER 8 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2004 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1995:366612 BIOSIS PREV199598380912

TITLE:

Ergosteroids: Induction of thermogenic enzymes in

liver of rats treated with steroids derived from

dehydroepiandrosterone.

AUTHOR (S):

Lardy, Henry; Partridge, Bruce; Kneer, Nancy;

Wei, Yong

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Inst. Enzyme Res., Univ. Wisconsin, 1710 University Avenue,

Madison, WI 53705, USA

SOURCE:

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences

of the United States of America, (1995) Vol. 92, No. 14,

pp. 6617-6619.

CODEN: PNASA6. ISSN: 0027-8424.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Article English

LANGUAGE: ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 30 Aug 1995

Last Updated on STN: 10 Oct 1995

Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA), an intermediate in the biosynthesis of testosterone and estrogens, exerts several physiological effects not involving the sex hormones. When fed to rats it induces the thermogenic enzymes mitochondrial sn-glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and cytosolic malic enzyme in their livers. Animals and humans, and their excised tissues, are known to hydroxylate DHEA at several positions and to interconvert 7-alpha-hydroxy-DHEA, 7-beta-hydroxy-DHEA, 7-oxo-DHEA, and the corresponding derivatives of androst-5-enediol. We report here that these 7-oxygenated derivatives are active inducers of these thermogenic enzymes in rats and that the 7-oxo derivatives are more active than the parent steroids. We postulate that the 7-alpha-hydroxy and 7-oxo derivatives are on a metabolic pathway from DHEA to more active

steroid hormones. These 7-oxo steroids have potential as therapeutic agents because of their increased activity and because they are not convertible to either testosterone or estrogens.

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#### Spear 10/087,929 Index Search

03/25/2004

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L77

5 SEA 3(1W) HYDROXY(W) 17(1W) AMINOANDROST(W) 5(W) ENE

=> d his

Headings for files 10/ displayed records: 10/6-8

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:15:09 ON 25 MAR 2004

INDEX '1MOBILITY, 2MOBILITY, ABI-INFORM, ADISCTI, AEROSPACE, AGRICOLA, ALUMINIUM, ANABSTR, APOLLIT, AQUASCI, AQUIRE, BABS, BIBLIODATA, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, BLLDB, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, ...' ENTERED AT 14:15:53 ON 25 MAR 2004

SEA 3 (1W) HYDROXY (W) 17 (1W) AMINOANDROST (W) 5 (W) ENE

- 2 FILE CAPLUS
- 1 FILE PATOSWO
- 1 FILE PCTFULL
- 1 FILE TOXCENTER

L76

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FILE 'CAPLUS, PATOSWO, PCTFULL, TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 14:19:33 ON 25 MAR 2004

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5 S 3 (1W) HYDROXY (W) 17 (1W) AMINOANDROST (W) 5 (W) ENE SAVE TEMP L77 SPE929IND1/A

=> d 177 ibib ab 1

L77 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

2004:203677 CAPLUS

Immunostimulatory methods and compositions with androgen derivatives and other therapeutic uses

INVENTOR(S):

Reading, Christopher; Ahlem, Clarence N.; Auci, Dominick L.; Dowding, Charles; Frincke, James; Li, Mei; Page, Theodore M.; Trauger, Richard J.; Stickney,

Dwight R.; White, Steven K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 380 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	CENT :	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A.	PPLI	CATI	ои ис	ο.	DATE			
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WO	2004	0199	53	A:	1	2004	0311		W	O 20	03-U	S271	86	2003	0828		
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,
		ŪĠ,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,
		ТJ,	TM														
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	ВG,
		CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,
		NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,

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GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 2002-407146P P 20020828
                                             US 2002-408332P P 20020904
                                             US 2003-479257P P 20030617
     The invention relates to the use of compds. to ameliorate or treat
AB
     conditions such as a cystic fibrosis, neutropenia or other exemplified
     conditions. Exemplary compds. that can be used include 3.beta .-
     hydroxy-17.beta.-aminoandrost-5-
     ene, 3β-hydroxy-16α-fluoro-17β-aminoandrost-5-ene,
     3\alpha-hydroxy-16\alpha-fluoro-17\beta-aminoandrost-5-ene,
     3β-hydroxy-16β-fluoro-17β-aminoandrost-5-ene,
     1\alpha, 3\beta-dihydroxy-4\alpha-fluoroandrost-5-ene-17-one,
     1\alpha, 3\beta, 17\beta-trihydroxy-4\alpha-fluorandrost-5-ene,
     1\beta, 3\beta-dihydroxy-6\alpha-bromoandrost-5-ene,
     1\alpha-fluoro-3\beta, 12\alpha-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene-17-one,
     1\alpha-fluoro-3\beta, 4\alpha-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene and
     4\alpha-fluoro-3\beta, 6\alpha, 17\beta-trihydroxyandrostante.
                                   THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                                   RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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#### => d 177 ibib ab 2

L77 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:415109 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 73:15109

TITLE: Antiacne 17-acylaminoandrostanes

INVENTOR(S): Arth, Glen E.; Sarett, Lewis H.; Patchett, Arthur A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc.

SOURCE: Brit., 4 pp.

CODEN: BRXXAA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICAT	ION NO.	DATE
GB	1188414		19700415	5		
DE	1667896			DE		
FR	1580878			FR		
PRIORIT	Y APPLN. IN	IFO.:		US		19670306
AB Th	e title com	mpns., which	ch lower	the biosynthesi	s of tes	sticular ar
	-	_	-			17770 077 77 07

The title compns., which lower the biosynthesis of testicular androgens, are prepared from pregnenolone 3-acetate. Thus, 54 g NH2OH.HCl and 120 g NaOAc.3H2O in 200 ml H2O was added to 110 g pregnenolone 3-acetate in 2.6 l. MeOH to give 119 g 3-acetoxy-20-(hydroxyimino)preg-5-ene, m. 195° (I). To I in 200 ml pyridine, 100 ml POCl3 in 200 ml pyridine was added to give 100 g 3-acetoxy-17-acetamidoandrost-5-ene (II). A mixture of 75 g II, 75 g KHCO3, 1250 ml H2O, and 2.25 l. EtOH was heated under reflux to give 3-hydroxy-17-acetamidoandrost-5-ene, m. 268-71°. Also prepared were 17-acetamidoandrost-4-en-3-one; 3-hydroxy-17-aminoandrost-5-ene, and 17-acetamidoandrosta-1,4-dien-3-one, m. 270-2°.

=> d 177 ibib ab 3

'IBIB' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

In a multifile environment, a format can only be used if it is valid in at least one of the files. Refer to file specific help messages or the STNGUIDE file for information on formats available in individual files. REENTER DISPLAY FORMAT FOR ALL FILES (FILEDEFAULT): bib ab

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ANSWER 3 OF 5 PATOSWO COPYRIGHT 2004 WILA on STN
L77
                             ED 20040312 EW 200411
                                                           FS OS
      2004:404728 PATOSWO
AN
      THERAPEUTIC TREATMENT METHODS.
ΤI
      READING, Christopher, P.O. Box 12511, San Diego, CA 92122, US;
IN
      AHLEM, Clarence, N., 8960 Montrose Way, San Diego, CA 92122, US;
      AUCI, Dominick, L., 8775 Coste Verde Boulevard, Apartment 416, San
      Diego, CA 92122, US;
      DOWDING, Charles, 3724 Catamarca Drive, San Diego, CA 92124, US;
      FRINCKE, James, P.O. Box 927420, San Diego, CA 92192, US;
      LI, Mei, 11361 Ironwood Road, San Diego, CA 92131, US;
      PAGE, Theodore, M., 1045 Lighthouse Road, Carlsbad, CA 93009, US;
       TRAUGER, Richard, J., 311 Sanford Road, Leucadia, CA 92024, US;
       STICKNEY, Dwight, R., 5725 Ashby Lane, Granite Bay, CA 95746, US;
       WHITE, Steven, K., 13619 Calderon Road, San Diego, CA 92129, US
      HOLLIS-EDEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., Suite 400, 4435 Eastgate Mall, San
PA
      Diego, CA 92121, US (except US);
       READING, Christopher, P.O. Box 12511, San Diego, CA 92122, US (only US);
       AHLEM, Clarence, N., 8960 Montrose Way, San Diego, CA 92122, US (only
       AUCI, Dominick, L., 8775 Coste Verde Boulevard, Apartment 416, San
       Diego, CA 92122, US (only US);
       DOWDING, Charles, 3724 Catamarca Drive, San Diego, CA 92124, US (only
       FRINCKE, James, P.O. Box 927420, San Diego, CA 92192, US (only US);
       LI, Mei, 11361 Ironwood Road, San Diego, CA 92131, US (only US);
       PAGE, Theodore, M., 1045 Lighthouse Road, Carlsbad, CA 93009, US (only
       TRAUGER, Richard, J., 311 Sanford Road, Leucadia, CA 92024, US (only
       STICKNEY, Dwight, R., 5725 Ashby Lane, Granite Bay, CA 95746, US (only
       WHITE, Steven, K., 13619 Calderon Road, San Diego, CA 92129, US (only US
       MUENCHAU, Daryl et al., Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Suite 400,
AG
       4435 Eastgate Mall, San Diego, CA 92121, US
       Wila-IPA-2004-H11-T1
SO
DT
       Patent
       Application in English
LΑ
       W AE; W AG; W AL; W AM; W AT; W AU; W AZ; W BA; W BB; W BG; W BR; W BY;
DS
       W BZ; W CA; W CH; W CN; W CO; W CR; W CU; W CZ; W DE; W DK; W DM; W DZ;
       W EC; W EE; W ES; W FI; W GB; W GD; W GE; W GH; W GM; W HR; W HU; W ID;
       W IL; W IN; W IS; W JP; W KE; W KG; W KP; W KR; W KZ; W LC; W LK; W LR;
       W LS; W LT; W LU; W LV; W MA; W MD; W MG; W MK; W MN; W MW; W MX; W MZ;
       W NO; W NZ; W OM; W PH; W PL; W PT; W RO; W RU; W SD; W SE; W SG; W SK;
       W SL; W TJ; W TM; W TN; W TR; W TT; W TZ; W UA; W UG; W US; W UZ; W VC;
       W VN; W YU; W ZA; W ZM; W ZW;
       RW AT; RW BE; RW BG; RW CH; RW CY; RW CZ; RW DE; RW DK; RW EE; RW ES; RW
       FI; RW FR; RW GB; RW GR; RW HU; RW IE; RW IT; RW LU; RW MC; RW NL; RW
       PT; RW RO; RW SE; RW SI; RW SK; RW TR; RW AM; RW AZ; RW BY; RW KG; RW
       KZ; RW MD; RW RU; RW TJ; RW TM; RW GH; RW GM; RW KE; RW LS; RW MW; RW
       MZ; RW SD; RW SL; RW SZ; RW TZ; RW UG; RW ZM; RW ZW; RW BF; RW BJ; RW
       CF; RW CG; RW CI; RW CM; RW GA; RW GN; RW GQ; RW GW; RW ML; RW MR; RW
       NE; RW SN; RW TD; RW TG
       WOA1 PCT-PUBLICATION
PIT
                            A1 20040311
PΙ
       WO 2004019953
                               20040311
OD
                               20030828
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WO 2003-US27186

ΑI

PRAI US 2002-407146 20020828 US 2002-408332 20020904 US 2003-479257 20030617.

WOA1 PCT-PUBLICATION

The invention relates to the use of compounds to ameliorate or treat an condition such as a cystic fibrosis, neutropenia or other exemplified conditions. Exemplary compounds that can be used include 3
\*beta\*-hydroxy-17\*beta\*-aminoandrost5-ene, 3\*beta\*-hydroxy-16\*alpha\*-fluoro-17\*beta\*aminoandrost-5-ene, 3\*alpha\*-hydroxy-16\*alpha\*-fluoro-17\*beta\*aminoandrost-5-ene, 3\*beta\*-hydroxy-16\*beta\*-fluoro-17\*beta\*aminoandrost-5-ene, 1\*alpha\*,3\*beta\*-dihydroxy-4\*alpha\*-fluoroandrost-5ene-17-one, 1\*alpha\*,3\*beta\*, 17\*beta\*-trihydroxy-4\*alpha\*-fluorandrost5-ene, 1\*beta\*,3\*beta\*-dihydroxy-6\*alpha\*-bromoandrost-5-ene,
1\*alpha\*-fluoro-3\*beta\*,12\*alpha\*-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene-17-one,
1\*alpha\*-fluoro-3\*beta\*,4\*alpha\*-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene and
4\*alpha\*-fluoro-3\*beta\*,6\*alpha\*, 17\*beta\*-trihydroxyandrostante.

#### => d 177 ibib ab 4

L77 ANSWER 4 OF 5
ACCESSION NUMBER:
TITLE (ENGLISH):
TITLE (FRENCH):
INVENTOR(S):

PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2004 Univentio on STN 2004019953 PCTFULL ED 20040316 EW 200411 THERAPEUTIC TREATMENT METHODS PROCEDES DE TRAITEMENT THERAPEUTIQUE READING, Christopher, P.O. Box 12511, San Diego, CA 92122, US [US, US]; AHLEM, Clarence, N., 8960 Montrose Way, San Diego, CA 92122, US [US, US]; AUCI, Dominick, L., 8775 Coste Verde Boulevard, Apartment 416, San Diego, CA 92122, US [US, US]; DOWDING, Charles, 3724 Catamarca Drive, San Diego, CA 92124, US [GB, US]; FRINCKE, James, P.O. Box 927420, San Diego, CA 92192, US [US, US]; LI, Mei, 11361 Ironwood Road, San Diego, CA 92131, US [CN, US]; PAGE, Theodore, M., 1045 Lighthouse Road, Carlsbad, CA 93009, US [US, US]; TRAUGER, Richard, J., 311 Sanford Road, Leucadia, CA 92024, US [US, US]; STICKNEY, Dwight, R., 5725 Ashby Lane, Granite Bay, CA 95746, US [US, US];

#### PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

WHITE, Steven, K., 13619 Calderon Road, San Diego, CA 92129, US [US, US] HOLLIS-EDEN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC., Suite 400, 4435 Eastgate Mall, San Diego, CA 92121, US [US, US], for all designates States except US; READING, Christopher, P.O. Box 12511, San Diego, CA 92122, US [US, US], for US only; AHLEM, Clarence, N., 8960 Montrose Way, San Diego, CA 92122, US [US, US], for US only; AUCI, Dominick, L., 8775 Coste Verde Boulevard, Apartment 416, San Diego, CA 92122, US [US, US], for US only; DOWDING, Charles, 3724 Catamarca Drive, San Diego, CA 92124, US [GB, US], for US only; FRINCKE, James, P.O. Box 927420, San Diego, CA 92192, US [US, US], for US only; LI, Mei, 11361 Ironwood Road, San Diego, CA 92131, US

```
[CN, US], for US only;
                     PAGE, Theodore, M., 1045 Lighthouse Road, Carlsbad, CA
                     93009, US [US, US], for US only;
                     TRAUGER, Richard, J., 311 Sanford Road, Leucadia, CA
                     92024, US [US, US], for US only;
                     STICKNEY, Dwight, R., 5725 Ashby Lane, Granite Bay, CA
                     95746, US [US, US], for US only;
                     WHITE, Steven, K., 13619 Calderon Road, San Diego, CA
                     92129, US [US, US], for US only
                     MUENCHAU, Daryl$, Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc.,
AGENT:
                     Suite 400, 4435 Eastgate Mall, San Diego, CA 92121$, US
LANGUAGE OF FILING:
                     English
LANGUAGE OF PUBL.:
                     English
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                     Patent
PATENT INFORMATION:
                     NUMBER
                                      KIND
                                              DATE
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                     WO 2004019953
                                       A1 20040311
DESIGNATED STATES
                     AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR
      W:
                     CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID
                     IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD
                     MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SK
                     SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW
                     GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW
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      RW (EAPO):
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                     MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR
                     BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG
      RW (OAPI):
APPLICATION INFO.:
                     WO 2003-US27186
                                        A 20030828
                     US' 2002-60/407,146
PRIORITY INFO.:
                                          20020828
                     US 2002-60/408,332
                                          20020904
                     US 2003-60/479,257
                                          20030617
      The invention relates to the use of compounds to ameliorate or treat an
ABEN
      condition such as a cystic fibrosis, neutropenia or other exemplified
      conditions. Exemplary compounds that can be used include 3
      β -hydroxy-17β -aminoandrost-
      5-ene, 3β-hydroxy-16α-fluoro-17β-
      aminoandrost-5-ene, 3α-hydroxy-16α-fluoro-17β-
      aminoandrost-5-ene, 3β-hydroxy-16β-fluoro-17β-
      aminoandrost-5-ene, 1α,3β-dihydroxy-4α-fluoroandrost-5-
      ene-17-one, 1α,3β, 17β-trihydroxy-4α-fluorandrost-
      5-ene, 1β, 3β -dihydroxy-6α -bromoandrost-5-ene,
      1α-fluoro-3β,12α-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene-17-one,
      1&alpha:-fluoro-3β,4α-dihydroxyandrost-5-ene and
      4α-fluoro-3β,6α, 17β-trihydroxyandrostante.
ABFR
      L'invention concerne l'utilisation de composes visant a ameliorer ou a
      traiter un etat tel que mucoviscidose, neutropenie ou d'autres etats
      presentes. Les composes exemplaires que l'on peut utiliser comprennent
      3β-hydroxy-17β-amino-androst-5-ene, 3β-hydroxy-16α-
      fluoro-17β-amino-androst-5-ene, 3α-hydroxy-16α-fluoro-
      17β-amino-androst-5-ene, 3β-hydroxy-16β-fluoro-17β-
      amino-androst-5-ene, 1α,3β-dihydroxy-4α-fluoro-androst-
      5-ene-17-one, 1α,3β, 17β-trihydroxy-4α-fluoro-
      androst-5-ene, 1β,3β-dihydroxy-6α-bromo-androst-5-ene,
      1α-fluoro-3β,12α-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene-17-one,
      1α-fluoro-3β,4α-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene and
      4α-fluoro-3β,6α, 17β-trihydroxyandrostane.
```

## => d 177 ibib ab 5

L77 ANSWER 5 OF 5 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:66354 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT: Copyright 2004 ACS

TITLE: Immunostimulatory methods and compositions with androgen

derivatives and other therapeutic uses

AUTHOR(S): Reading, Christopher; Ahlem, Clarence N.; Auci, Dominick

L.; Dowding, Charles; Frincke, James; Li, Mei; Page, Theodore M.; Trauger, Richard J.; Stickney, Dwight R.;

White, Steven K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: Hollis-Eden Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

PATENT INFORMATION: WO 200419953 Al 11 Mar 2004 SOURCE: (2004) PCT Int. Appl., 380 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2.

COUNTRY: UNITED STATES

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent FILE SEGMENT: CAPLUS

OTHER SOURCE: CAPLUS 2004:203677

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20040323

Last Updated on STN: 20040323

AB The invention relates to the use of compds. to ameliorate or treat conditions such as a cystic fibrosis, neutropenia or other exemplified conditions. Exemplary compds. that can be used include 3.beta.-

hydroxy-17.beta.-aminoandrost-5-

ene, 3β-hydroxy-16α-fluoro-17β-aminoandrost-5-ene,

 $3\alpha$ -hydroxy- $16\alpha$ -fluoro- $17\beta$ -aminoandrost-5-ene,  $3\beta$ -hydroxy- $16\beta$ -fluoro- $17\beta$ -aminoandrost-5-ene,  $1\alpha$ ,  $3\beta$ -dihydroxy- $4\alpha$ -fluoroandrost-5-ene-17-one,  $1\alpha$ ,  $3\beta$ ,  $17\beta$ -trihydroxy- $4\alpha$ -fluorandrost-5-ene,

1B.3B-dihydroxy- $6\alpha$ -bromoandrost-5-ene,

 $1\alpha$ -fluoro-3 $\beta$ ,  $12\alpha$ -dihydroxyandrost-5-ene-17-one,

 $1\alpha\text{-fluoro-}3\beta, 4\alpha\text{-dihydroxyandrost-}5\text{-ene}$  and  $4\alpha\text{-fluoro-}3\beta, 6\alpha,$   $17\beta\text{-trihydroxyandrostante}.$ 

# => => file caplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 25 Mar 2004 VOL 140 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Mar 2004 (20040324/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

searched by D. Arnold 571-272-2532

tiles used =>

2 FILE CAPLUS

1 FILE PATOSWO

1 FILE PCTFULL

1 FILE TOXCENTER

L76

QUE 3 (1W) HYDROXY (W) 17 (1W) AMINOANDROST (W) 5 (W) ENE

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FILE 'CAPLUS, PATOSWO, PCTFULL, TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 14:19:33 ON 25 MAR 2004

L77

5 S 3(1W) HYDROXY(W) 17(1W) AMINOANDROST(W) 5(W) ENE SAVE TEMP L77 SPE929IND1/A

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:25:00 ON 25 MAR 2004

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:28:34 ON 25 MAR 2004

## => file patoswo

FILE 'PATOSWO' ENTERED AT 14:29:07 ON 25 MAR 2004 COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 WILA Verlag Muenchen (WILA)

FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 MAR 2004 <20040319/UP>

#### => file

FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 14:29:13 ON 25 MAR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 Univentio

FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 MAR 2004 <20040324/UP>
MOST RECENT UPDATE WEEK: 200412 <200412/EW>
FILE COVERS 1978 TO DATE

>>> As of update 01/2004 the Designated States field (DS) has been enhanced to accommodate additional information provided by WIPO pertaining to application kind for regional and international designated states. Due to the change in DS display format postprocessing the data may be affected but search and SDI procedures will not have to be adjusted.
See HELP CHANGE for further information <<<</p>

- >>> NEW DISPLAY FIELDS LS AND LS2 (LEGAL STATUS DATA FROM THE INPADOC DATABASE) AVAILABLE SEE NEWS <<<
- >>> IMAGES ARE AVAILABLE ONLINE AND FOR EMAIL-PRINTS <<<
- => file toxcenter

FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 14:29:20 ON 25 MAR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 ACS

FILE COVERS 1907 TO 23 Mar 2004 (20040323/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

TOXCENTER has been enhanced with new files segments and search fields. See HELP CONTENT for more information.

TOXCENTER thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2004 vocabulary. See http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/ and http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd03/nd03\_mesh.html for a description of changes.

### => FIL STNGUIDE

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Mar 19, 2004 (20040319/UP).

=> log h

Spear 10/087,929 Elected Species

1/BH

03/25/2004

Used

## => file reg

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 24 MAR 2004 HIGHEST RN 667234-34-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 24 MAR 2004 HIGHEST RN 667234-34-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

## => file caplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 25 Mar 2004 VOL 140 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Mar 2004 (20040324/ED)

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FILE COVERS 1907-1966 FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

### => file toxcenter

FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 11:41:46 ON 25 MAR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 ACS

FILE COVERS 1907 TO 23 Mar 2004 (20040323/ED)

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TOXCENTER has been enhanced with new files segments and search fields. See HELP CONTENT for more information.

TOXCENTER thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2004 vocabulary. See http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/ and http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd03/nd03\_mesh.html for a description of changes.

## => FIL STNGUIDE

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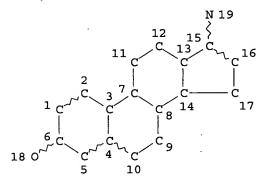
FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Mar 19, 2004 (20040319/UP).

=> d que 125

L15

STR



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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

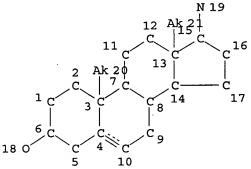
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NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 18

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L20 L21

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CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 18

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 19

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

only I non-hydrogen connection at these nodes

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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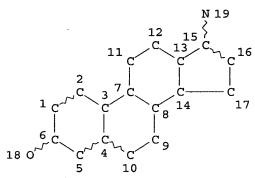
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=> d que 130

L15

STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

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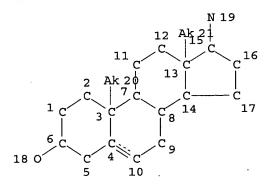
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DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L20 326 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L16 SSS FUL L19

L21 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 18 CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 19

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L23 5 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON\_L22 AND C19H31NO/MF

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L15 STR

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NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L19 STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

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DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

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NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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326 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L16 SSS FUL L19

L21

STF

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 18

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 19

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

**GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:** 

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L22 38 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L20 SSS FUL L21

L23 5 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L22\_AND C19H31NO/MF

L31 3 SEA FILE=TOXCENTER ABB=ON PLU=ON (L23)

=> dup rem 125 130 131

DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'CAOLD'.

ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE

ENTRY SESSION

0.06

TOTAL

674.44

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L25

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L30

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L31

L68 41 DUP REM L25 L30 L31 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-33' FROM FILE HCAPLUS ANSWERS '34-41' FROM FILE CAOLD

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YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 41 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

Remove diplicates

L68 ANSWER 1 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:121449 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:121449

TITLE: Steroid nitrosoureated with oncostatic activity and

its use as a medicine

INVENTOR(S): Imbach, Jean Louis; Chavis, Claude

Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta, 17\beta)$ - (9CI)

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Fr.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND I	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
EP 90736	A1 :	19831005	EP 1983-400629	19830325			
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE,	FR, GB, IT, L	I, LU, NL, SE				
FR 2523978	A1 :	19830930	FR 1982-5297	19820329			
FR 2523978	B1 :	19841228					
JP 58219200	A2 :	19831220	JP 1983-53447	19830329			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	. :	FR	1982-5297	19820329			
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 100:121449							
IT 4350-66-7							
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)							
(acylation of, by nitrophenylnitrosocarbamate derivative)							
RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS							

(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

GI

CN

AB Treatment of 17β-aminoandrost-5-en-3β-ol with ClCH2CH2N(NO)CO2C6H4NO2-4 in pyridine gave 93% androstenylurea I, which possessed neoplasm-inhibiting activity against leukemia L-1210 with a therapeutic index greater than that of BCNU, CCNU, or chlorozotocin.

Ι

L68 ANSWER 2 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:2:11224 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:211224

TITLE: New steroidal nitrosoureas

AUTHOR(S): Chavis, Claude; De Gourcy, Chantal; Borgna, Jean

Louis; Imbach, Jean Louis

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Bio-Org., Univ. Sci., Montpellier, 34090,

Fr.

SOURCE: Steroids (1982), 39(2), 129-47

CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

IT 4350-66-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction with nitrophenyl chloroethylnitrosocarbamoate)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## Absolute stereochemistry.

GΙ

AB 17 $\beta$ - And 20-nitrosourea derivs. of the dehydroepiandrosterone, estrone, and pregnenolone series were synthesized and tested for their binding to uterine estrogen and progesterone receptors. 17 $\beta$ - (N'-2-chloroethyl-N'-nitrosoureyl)-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol (I) [68642-63-7] and 17 $\beta$ - (N'-2-chloroethyl-N'-nitrosoureyl)-3-hydroxy-1,3,5(10)-estratrien-17 $\alpha$ -carbonitrile [81912-66-5] had relatively high affinities for the estrogen receptor, but none of the other derivs. was bound to these receptors. Progesterone receptors did not react strongly with any of the tested steroidal nitrosoureas. Structure activity relations for binding to the estrogen receptor are discussed for these potential antitumor alkylating agents.

Ι

L68 ANSWER 3 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:587179 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:187179

TITLE: Structure-function activity of azasterols and

nitrogen-containing steroids

AUTHOR(S): Kabara, Jon J.; Holzschu, Donald L.; Catsoulacos,

Demokritos P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biomech., Michigan State Univ., East Lansing, MI,

USA

SOURCE: Lipids (1976), 11(10), 755-62

CODEN: LPDSAP; ISSN: 0024-4201

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

IT 4350-66-7

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

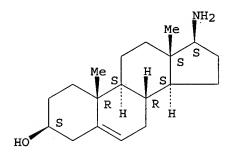
study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(antimicrobial activity of)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB Thirty-nine nitrogen-containing steroids were tested against 2 gram-neg., 5 gram-pos., and 2 yeast organisms. Although low minimal inhibitory concentration

(MIC) values were recorded for sterol producing yeast, growth of bacteria which contain no sterols was also inhibited. Structure-function studies provided no relation between biol. activity and hypocholesteremic effects of these azasteroids. Amino and azasteroids may be membrane effectors which, in the case of mitochondria, lead to changes in adenosine triphosphate levels and(or) dehydrogenase activity. Their effects on sterol metabolism, therefore, may be of secondary consideration.

L68 ANSWER 4 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:855086 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:350880

TITLE: Preparation of antiarthritic steroids from

dehydroandrostenolone

INVENTOR(S): Wyrwa, Ralf; Haertl, Albert; Braeuer, Rolf

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hans-Knoell-Institut fuer Naturstoff-Forschung E.V.,

Germany; Friedrich-Schiller-Universitaet Jena

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 10 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE \_\_\_\_\_\_ --------------\_\_\_\_\_ DE 2002-10226311 20020611 DE 10226311 A1 20031030 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 2002-10217836 IA 20020420

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:350880
IT 4350-66-7. 178-Aminoandrost-5-en-38-o

**4350-66-7**, 17β-Aminoandrost-5-en-3β-ol RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(alkylation of, by alkylene monothiocarbonates; preparation of antiarthritic steroids from dehydroandrostenolone)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

GI

Ι

AB Dehydroandrostenolone (DHEA) derivs. I·(X-)b-1 [Z = HbN(b-1)+; n = 1 - 3; b = 1, 2; X = halogen (such as fluorine, chlorine or bromine), C1-4-alkanoyloxy, C1-4-perfluoroalkanoyloxy] with antioxidant activity are useful as antiarthritics. Thus, I·-O2CCF3 (Z = H2N+, n = 1) was prepared The antioxidant and antiarthritic activity of I·-O2CCF3 (Z = H2N+, n = 1) was determined [98.6% reduction in chemiluminescence in HRP test at

40  $\mu$ g/mL; ED = 2.4 mg/mouse].

L68 ANSWER 5 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:379640 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:35624

TITLE: Tricarbocyanine cholesteryl laurates labeled LDL: new

near infrared fluorescent probes (NIRFs) for monitoring tumors and gene therapy of familial

hypercholesterolemia

AUTHOR(S): Zheng, Gang; Li, Hui; Yang, Kathy; Blessington, Dana;

Licha, Kai; Lund-Katz, Sissel; Chance, Britton;

Glickson, Jerry D.

Department of Radiology, University of Pennsylvania, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Philadelphia, PA, 19104, USA

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2002), SOURCE:

12(11), 1485-1488

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

Elsevier Science Ltd. PUBLISHER:

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

4350-66-7P

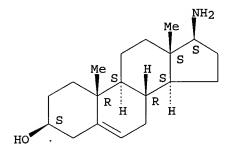
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(IR fluorescent probes (NIRFs) for monitoring tumors and gene therapy of familial hypercholesterolemia)

RN4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



For monitoring low-d. lipoprotein receptors (LDLr) in tumors and in livers AΒ of patients with familial hypercholesterolemia (FH) treated with gene therapy, a series of tricarbocyanine cholesteryl laurates were synthesized with the cholesteryl laurate moiety serving as the lipid-chelating anchor for low-d. lipoprotein (LDL). One of these conjugates, TCL17, was successfully used to label LDL to give a new NIRF, TCL17-LDL. Ex vivo biol. studies on an LDLr overexpressing tumor model, human hepatoblastoma G2 (HepG2), confirmed that this NIRF were internalized selectively by the tumor and detected with high sensitivity by a low-temperature 3-D redox scanner.

THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 18 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L68 ANSWER 6 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2002:287003 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:17202

TITLE: Low-Density Lipoprotein Reconstituted by

Pyropheophorbide Cholesteryl Oleate as Target-Specific

Photosensitizer

Zheng, Gang; Li, Hui; Zhang, Min; Lund-Katz, Sissel; AUTHOR (S):

Chance, Britton; Glickson, Jerry D.

Department of Radiology, Department of Biochemistry CORPORATE SOURCE:

and Biophysics, University of Pennsylvania Medical

School, Philadelphia, PA, 19104, USA

Bioconjugate Chemistry (2002), 13(3), 392-396 SOURCE:

CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE:

English

IT 4350-66-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

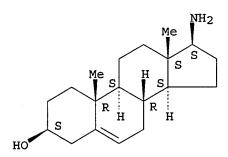
(tumor uptake of pyropheophorbide cholesterol oleate reconstituted into

LDL)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB To target tumors overexpressing low-d. lipoprotein receptors (LDLr), a pyropheophorbide cholesterol oleate conjugate was synthesized and successfully reconstituted into the low-d. lipoprotein (LDL) lipid core. Laser scanning confocal microscopy studies demonstrated that this photosensitizer-reconstituted LDL can be internalized via LDLr by human hepatoblastoma G2 (HepG2) tumor cells.

REFERENCE COUNT:

19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L68 ANSWER 7 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:81705 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:222215

TITLE:

Zinc porphyrin tweezer in host-guest complexation: determination of absolute configurations of primary

monoamines by circular dichroism

AUTHOR(S):

Huang, Xuefei; Borhan, Babak; Rickman, Barry H.;

Nakanishi, Koji; Berova, Nina

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Columbia University, New

York, NY, 10027, USA

SOURCE:

Chemistry--A European Journal (2000), 6(2), 216-224

CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539

PUBLISHER:

Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

E: English

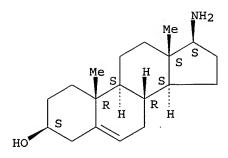
IT 4350-66-7

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(absolute configuration; zinc porphyrin tweezer in host-guest complexation for determination of absolute configurations of primary monoamines by CD)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



GΙ

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

A nonempirical exciton chirality circular dichroic (CD) method for determining the absolute configurations of primary monoamines with amino group directly linked to the stereogenic center is described. Conventional exciton chirality CD method cannot be applied to these compds. since they lack the two sites for attaching the interacting chromophores. This was solved by covalently linking the monoamine to a trifunctional bidentate carrier moiety I. Treatment of the carrier/monoamine conjugate with the porphyrin tweezer II consisting of two pentanediol-linked zinc porphyrins gives rise to 1:1 host-guest macrocyclic complexes that exhibit exciton-coupled CD spectra. The sign of the CD couplet can then be correlated with the absolute configuration of the monoamine as follows: a clockwise arrangement of the L, M, and S (large, medium, small) groups in the Newman projection of the monoamine with the amino group in the rear gives rise to a pos. CD couplet, and vice versa; the assignments of L, M, S groups are based on conformational energies (A values). This method is applicable to cyclic and acyclic aliphatic amines, aromatic amines, amino esters, amides, and cyclic amino alcs., and can be performed at the several microgram level.

REFERENCE COUNT: 44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L68 ANSWER 8 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:266897 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:293484

TITLE: Steroids. Part 53. New routes to amino steroids

AUTHOR(S): Szendi, Z.; Dombi, G.; Vincze, I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Organic Chemistry, Attila Jozsef

University, Szeged, H-6720, Hung.

SOURCE: Monatshefte fuer Chemie (1996), 127(11), 1189-1196

CODEN: MOCMB7; ISSN: 0026-9247

PUBLISHER: Springer DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Southai

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 126:293484

IT 2723-01-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

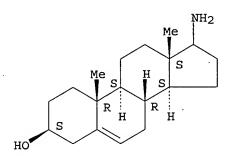
(preparation of amino steroids by reduction of ketoximes with sodium borohydride

and nickel chloride or molybdenum trioxide)

RN 2723-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB Steroidal ketoximes were reduced with NaBH4 in the presence of NiCl2 or MoO3 to yield  $17\alpha$ - and  $20\alpha$ -aminosteroids in higher yields than common reduction methods.

L68 ANSWER 9 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:115170 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:115170

TITLE: Steroids and related studies. Part 82. Chandonium

related azasteroidal neuromuscular blockers

AUTHOR(S): Singh, Harkishan; Gupta, Rakesh Kumar; Bhardwaj, Tilak

Raj

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharm. Sci., Panjab Univ., Chandigarh, 160 014,

India

SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic

Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1988),

27B(6), 508-12

CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:115170

IT 4350-66-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

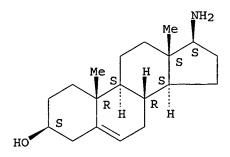
(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reductive methylation of, with formaldehyde)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GΙ

AB Bisquaternary steroids HS-854 (I), HS-1046 (II), HS-944 (III), and HS-892 (IV) were prepared by standard methods. All the new bisquaternary steroids are active as neuromuscular blockers in the rat phrenic nerve diaphragm preparation The structure-activity relationship has been discussed.

L68 ANSWER 10 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1986:567706 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

105:167706

TITLE:

Active site-directed inhibition of rabbit cytochrome P

450 1 by amino-substituted steroids

AUTHOR (S):

Johnson, Eric F.; Schwab, George E.; Singh, Jangbir;

Vickery, Larry E.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Basic Clin. Res., Res. Inst. Scripps Clin., La

Jolla, CA, 92037, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Biological Chemistry (1986), 261(22),

10204-9

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

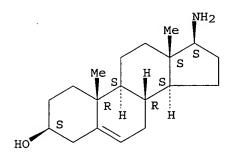
IT 4350-66-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(steroid 21-hydroxylase cytochrome P 450 inhibition by)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB A variety of amino-substituted steroids were investigated as inhibitors of the rabbit hepatic, steroid 21-hydroxylase, cytochrome P 450 1. It was reasoned that a steroid analog of pregnenolone capable of mimicking the binding of C21-steroids to the enzyme at the active site and bearing an amine moiety on the  $17\beta$ -side-chain would be a potent inhibitor if the amine were free to interact with the heme Fe. The studies revealed that 22-amino-23,24-bisnor-5-cholen-3β-ol (22-ABC) is a tightly-bound inhibitor of cytochrome P 450 1-catalyzed reactions (Ki <1 nM). differences elicited by 22-ABC indicated that when bound to the enzyme, the amino moiety of 22-ABC is coordinated to the heme Fe. In contrast, several other hepatic cytochrome P 450s which mediate distinct regiospecific routes of metabolism for progesterone or pregnenolone remained largely unaffected at concns. of 22-ABC that exceeded by 2 orders of magnitude that required to inhibit cytochrome P 450 1. 22-ABC also inhibited the metabolism of benzo[a]pyrene attributable to cytochrome P 450 1 but did not inhibit that induced by treatment with rifampicin or 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin. Analogs of 22-ABC bearing a hydroxyl group or a methylamine in place of the amine moiety exhibited lower affinities for cytochrome P 450 1. In addition, either increasing or decreasing the number of C atoms of the side chain reduced the affinity of the inhibitor for cytochrome P 450 1.

L68 ANSWER 11 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:2709 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

100:2709

TITLE:

Active site-directed inhibitors of cytochrome

P-450scc. Structural and mechanistic implications of

a side chain-substituted series of amino-steroids

Sheets, Joel J.; Vickery, Larry E.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Physiol. Biophys., Univ. California, Irvine, CA,

92717, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Biological Chemistry (1983), 258(19),

11446-52

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

AUTHOR(S):

English

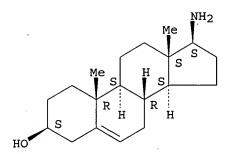
IT 4350-66-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cytochrome P 450scc response to)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



A series of analogs of cholesterol, each having a shortened side-chain and AB a primary amine group, were prepared and tested for their effects on the bovine adrenocortical cholesterol side-chain cleavage cytochrome P 450 (P-450scc) system (steroid 20-22-desmolase). The 23-amine derivative, 23-amino-24-nor-5-cholen-3 $\beta$ -ol, was found to be a potent inhibitor and to be competitive with respect to cholesterol (Ki = 38 nM). Binding of the 23-amine to P-450scc also caused formation of a low spin complex with an absorption maximum at 422 nm, indicative of a N-donor ligand. Other derivs. in which the side-chain amine was linked closer to the steroid, 17β-amino-5-androsten-3β-ol and (20 R + S)-20-amino-5-pregnen- $3\beta$ -ol, were found to be only very weak inhibitors and did not produce the 422-nm spectral form when bound. Derivs. in which the amine was attached a greater distance from the steroid ring, 24-amino-5-cholen- $3\beta$ -ol and 25-amino-26, 27-bisnor-5-cholesten- $3\beta$ -ol, caused a progressive decrease in inhibitory potency and a failure to produce the 422-nm form on binding. The dependence of the type of interaction of these amino steroids with P-450scc upon the amine position established that the steroid-binding site and the heme catalytic site of the enzyme are fixed within a specific distance of one another. The heme appeared to be located sufficiently close to the position that the side-chain of cholesterol would occupy to allow for direct attack of an Fe-bound oxidant to occur during hydroxylation and side-chain cleavage.

L68 ANSWER 12 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:416708 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:16708

Inhibition of testosterone synthesis in the canine TITLE:

testis in vitro

Pittaway, Donald E. AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Louisiana State Univ., Shreveport, LA,

71130, USA

SOURCE: Contraception (1983), 27(4), 431-6

CODEN: CCPTAY; ISSN: 0010-7824

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(testosterone formation inhibition by, in testis, structure in relation

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

GI

The inhibitory effects of 20 steroids on testicular 17 $\beta$ -hydroxy steroid oxidoreductase (17 $\beta$ -HOR) [9015-81-0] activity were examined in microsomal prepns. of canine testes. Six steroids inhibited testosterone [58-22-0] formation, but only 4-estrene-3,17-dione (I) [734-32-7] (Ki = 2.4  $\mu$ M) and 5-androstene-3,17-dione [571-36-8] (Ki = 6.8  $\mu$ M) had significant inhibitory activity. The following mol. characteristics are apparently necessary for competitive inhibition of 17 $\beta$ -HOR activity: requirement for 17-keto group; relative requirement for 3-keto group; decreased inhibition with unsatn. in position 5-6; and marked loss of inhibitory activity with 6 $\beta$ - or 19-hydroxylation and A-ring aromatization.

L68 ANSWER 13 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1983:161072 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

98:161072

TITLE:

NMR studies of D-ribosylamines in solution:

derivatives of primary amines. I

AUTHOR (S):

Chavis, Claude; De Gourcy, Chantal; Dumont, Francoise;

Imbach, Jean Louis

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Chim. Bio-Org., Univ. Sci. Tech. Languedoc,

Montpellier, 34060, Fr.

SOURCE:

Carbohydrate Research (1983), 113(1), 1-20

CODEN: CRBRAT; ISSN: 0008-6215

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

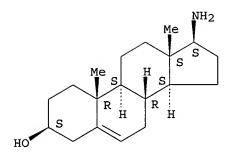
IT 4350-66-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(condensation of, with ribose)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB NMR spectroscopy shows that primary amines condense with D-ribose to give mainly D-ribopyranosylamines in which the  $\alpha$  anomer in the 1C4 conformation preponderates; the  $\beta$  anomer assumes mainly the 4C1 conformation. Thus, it is possible to deduce the structures of the N-phenyl-D-ribosylamines and to correlate some of the literature data. For 2,3-O-isopropylidene-D-ribofuranosylamine derivs., the  $\Delta\delta$  values for the 13C-NMR signals of the isopropylidene Me groups can be used to establish the anomeric configuration.

L68 ANSWER 14 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:406611 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:6611

TITLE: Optically active amines. 30. Application of the

salicylidenimino chirality rule to aliphatic and

alicyclic amines

AUTHOR(S): Smith, Howard E.; Taylor, Clinton A., Jr.; McDonagh,

Antony F.; Chen, Fu Ming

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Vanderbilt Univ., Nashville, TN, 37235,

USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1982), 47(13), 2525-31

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 4350-66-7

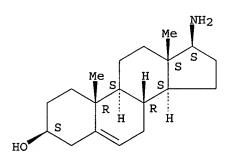
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(condensation of, with salicylaldehyde)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta, 17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB The salicylidenimino chirality rule was used to correlate the sign of the observed Cotton effects near 315 and 255 nm in the CD spectra of N-salicylidene derivs. of aliphatic and alicyclic amines with their absolute configurations. The rule is based on the model that the Cotton effects originate from interaction of the resp. transition moments of the

hydrogen-bonded salicylidenimino chomophore with bond transition moments in the rest of the mol. C-C and C-O bonds vicinal and homovicinal to the salicyclidenimino attachment bond are the dominant contributors to the Cotton effects, and the sign of the Cotten effects depends on the algebraic sum of these contributions. Since the polarizability of a C-O bond is smaller than that of a C-C bond, the contribution of a vicinal or homovicinal C-O bond is less than that of a corresponding C-C bond. The sign of a particular contribution can be determined by the chirality that the bond has with the attachment bond of the salicyclidenimino group, a pos. contribution for pos. chirality (right-handed screw) and a neg. contribution for neg. chirality (left-handed screw).

L68 ANSWER 15 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:567040 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:167040

TITLE: Simple methods to identify proton(s) on a carbon

holding an amino group

AUTHOR(S): Narayanan, C. R.; Naik, D. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Natl. Chem. Lab., Poona, 411 008, India

SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic

Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1980),

19B(3), 209-10

CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

IT 4350-66-7

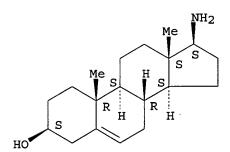
RL: PRP (Properties)

(NMR of, effect of methylation, protonation of nitrosation on)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB Amine protonation deshields the protons on the C atom  $\alpha$  to an amino N atom and nitrosation causes a very large deshielding. But methylation of the amine shields these protons, the di-Me derivative shielding more than the mono-Me derivative Attachment of electroneg. groups such as OH, NH2, and SH deshields adjacent protons, but methylation of these groups shields the same protons, the shielding effect increasing with increasing electronegativity of the atom.

L68 ANSWER 16 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:407080 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:7080

TITLE: Shielding effect on adjacent proton on methylation of

primary amines

AUTHOR(S): Narayanan, C. R.; Naik, D. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Natl. Chem. Lab., Poona, 411 008, India

SOURCE:

Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1979),

18B(6), 533

CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

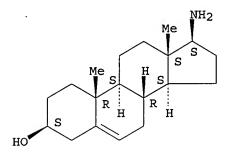
IT 4350-66-7

RL: PRP (Properties)
(NMR spectrum of)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB The methine proton on a secondary C holding a primary amine is shielded by .apprx.0.5 ppm when the primary amine is dimethylated. As the same proton is deshielded by .apprx.1 ppm when the amine is converted to an amide. Methylation can be used as a complementary or as an independent method to identify the proton.

L68 ANSWER 17 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1978:38055 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

88:38055

TITLE:

Bifunctional catalysts. IV. Synthesis and catalytic

action of steroids with an alcohol function and

imidazole nucleus

AUTHOR(S):

Fetizon, M.; Jaudon, P.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Synth. Org., Ec. Polytech., Palaiseau, Fr.

SOURCE:

Tetrahedron (1977), 33(13), 1619-24

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020 Journal

LANGUAGE:

French

IT 4350-66-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(condensation reaction of, with hydroxyheptanoic acid derivs.)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta, 17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

GI

The diamino steroids I and II [R = NHCO(CH2)6OH] were prepared from AB  $17\beta$ -amino- $17a\alpha$ -methyl- $3\beta$ -D-homoandrost-5-ene and  $17\beta$ -amino- $3\beta$ -hydroxyandrost-5-ene, resp., by sequential

condensation with a heptanoic acid derivative, nitration, reduction, condensation

and N-benzyloxycarbonylhistidine, and saponification The catalytic effect of I and II [R = NHCO(CH2)6OH, H) on the hydrolysis of AcOC6H4NO2-4 was studied. A slight acceleration was observed with compds. in which hydroxy and imidazole groups are attached to the steroid skeleton. The acceleration was greater with I than with II [R = NHCO(CH2)6OH].

L68 ANSWER 18 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1975:401064 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

83:1064

TITLE:

Inhibition of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase by steroids. VIII. Effects of synthetic C19- and C20-steroids upon placental glucose-6-phosphate

dehydrogenase

AUTHOR(S):

Belovsky, O.; Benes, P.; Oertel, G. W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Abt. Exp. Endokrinol., Univ. Frauenklin, Mainz, Fed.

Rep. Ger.

SOURCE:

Journal of Steroid Biochemistry (1974), 5(7), 697-700

CODEN: JSTBBK; ISSN: 0022-4731

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

4350-66-7 TΤ

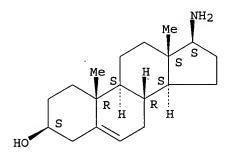
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(glucose phosphate dehydrogenase inhibition by, in placenta)

4350-66-7 HCAPLUS RN

Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.



The alkyl esters of 5-etienic acid [10325-79-8] with a chain length of AB C1-C4 were effective inhibitors of human placental glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase [9001-40-5], whereas the free 5-etienic acid as well as its N-butyl amide [55207-11-9] lacked any inhibitory properties. Thus, the findings support the conclusion that 5-etienic acid methyl ester [7254-03-7] may exert certain biol. effects by suppression of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase activity.

L68 ANSWER 19 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1973:488735 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

79:88735

TITLE:

Inhibitors of human placental C19 and C21

3β-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenases

AUTHOR (S):

Goldman, Allen S.; Sheth, Kishore

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Div. Exp. Pathol., Child. Hosp., Philadelphia, PA, USA

SOURCE:

Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (1973), 315(2), 233-49

CODEN: BBACAQ; ISSN: 0006-3002

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

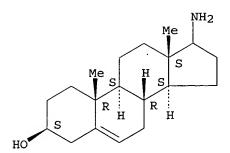
IT 2723-01-5

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(hydroxy steroid dehydrogenase inhibition by)

RN 2723-01-5 HCAPLUS

Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN



The effect of several natural and synthetic steroids on the activity of AB  $\Delta 5,3\beta$ -hydroxy steroid dehydrogenase in homogenates of human placenta was measured by a method which determined the conversion of labeled dehydroepiandrosterone to androstenedione, testosterone, 17β-estradiol, and estrone and of labeled pregnenolone to progesterone and  $5\alpha$ -pregnane-3,20-dione. The method utilized thin-layer chromatoq. systems and radio-gas-liquid chromatog. which separated each steroidal product from each substrate. Enzymic activity was determined rapidly and efficiently in multiple samples of very small amts. of tissue. It was demonstrated that nucleophilic substituents on, adjacent to, or at some distance from the site on the steroid mol. catalyzed by the enzyme may increase the inhibitory capacity of the parent steroid or confer inhibitory capacity to an inactive parent steroid. Selective inhibition of the conversion of pregnenolone by several steroids demonstrated substrate specificity of the C19- and C21-3β-hydroxy steroid dehydrogenases. The most potent of these selective inhibitors were, in descending order of inhibitory potency: 2α-bromo-17β-hydroxy- $5\alpha$ -androstan-3-one 17 $\beta$ -acetate;  $3\beta$ ,  $17\alpha$ -dihydroxy-5pregnene-3,20-dione-16α-nitrile; 3β-hydroxy-5α-pregnan-20one-16 $\alpha$ -nitrile; and  $2\alpha$ -bromo-5 $\alpha$ -androstane-3,17-dione. The most potent inhibitors of both enzymes were 2α-cyano-4,4dimethyl-2,3α-tetrahydrofuran-2-spiro-17,5-androsten-3-one and  $6,16\beta$ -dimethyl- $3\beta$ -hydroxy-5-pregnene- $16\alpha$ -nitrile. The usual form of cyanoketone (2α-cyano-17β-hydroxy-4,4,17αtrimethyl-5-androsten-3-one) did not inhibit either enzyme.

L68 ANSWER 20 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:11452 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:11452

TITLE: 17-Aminoacylamido steroid antidepressants

AUTHOR(S): Flouret, George; Cole, Wayne; Biermacher, Ursula CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Div., Abbott Lab., North Chicago, IL, USA

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. DIV., ADDUCT Lab., NOTE: Citedgo, 15, 05A

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1972), 15(12), 1281-3

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OMETER COLUMN CACREAGE 70.11453

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 78:11452

IT 4350-66-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with benzyloxycarbonylalanine p-nitrophenyl ester)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

AB  $17\beta$ -(N,N-dimethylglycinamido-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol [37571-74-7],  $17\beta$ -(L-alaninamido)-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol (I) [37571-75-8],  $17\beta$ -( $\beta$ -alaninamido)-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol [37571-76-9], and  $17\beta$ -(L-threoninamido)-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol [37571-77-0] showed weak to moderate antidepressant activity when given to mice orally or i.p. at 30-50 mg/kg. To synthesize I,  $17\beta$ -amino-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol was condensed with benzyloxycarbonylalanine p-nitrophenyl ester and the protecting group was reductively removed with Na in liquid NH3-dioxane.

L68 ANSWER 21 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1971:449429 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

75:49429

TITLE:

Cardiotonic steroid analogs. IX. Synthesis of

N-(steroid-17-yl)-maleimide

AUTHOR (S):

Nambara, Toshio; Shibata, Toshiyuki; Mimura, Masaaki;

Hosoda, Hiroshi

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharm. Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, Japan

SOURCE:

Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1971), 19(5),

954-8

CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

Englis

IT 1229-07-8P 4350-66-7P

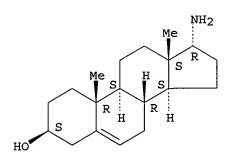
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 1229-07-8 HCAPLUS

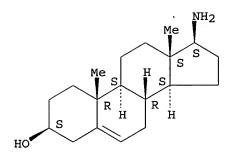
CN Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\alpha$ -amino- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (36,176)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Modified cardenolides with the maleimide function, a typical SH-blocking group, were prepared E.g., condensation of  $17\alpha$ -amino- $5\alpha$ -androstan- $3\beta$ -ol maleic anhydride gave a maleamic acid, which with Ac2O gave the maleimide by intramol. dehydration. Isomaleimides were also described. About 10 compds. were prepared

L68 ANSWER 22 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:29264 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 70:29264

TITLE: Steroid derivatives of cysteamine and cysteine

AUTHOR(S): Wheeler, Owen H.; Reyes-Zamora, Cesar CORPORATE SOURCE: Puerto Rico Nucl. Center, Mayaguez, P. R.

SOURCE: Canadian Journal of Chemistry (1969), 47(1), 160-3

CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

IT 20989-30-4P

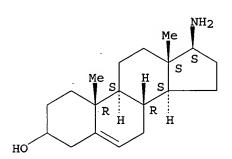
RN

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of) 20989-30-4 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17β-amino- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB A number of androstenone, estrone, and pregnenone derivs. of cysteamine, e.g. I, were prepared by reacting the steroid amines with ethylene monothiolcarbonate. The amides of androstenone carboxylic acid with mercaptoethylamine and cysteine were also prepared

L68 ANSWER 23 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:95379 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:95379

TITLE: Steroids and related natural products. XXXVI.

Structural biochemistry. 4. 3β-Hydroxy-17β-

(L-prolyl) aminoandrost-5-ene

AUTHOR(S):

Pettit, George R.; Smith, Robert Lawrence; Das Gupta,

Arun K.; Occolowitz, John L.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Univ. of Maine, Orono, ME, USA

SOURCE:

Canadian Journal of Chemistry (1967), 45(5), 501-7

CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

IT 4350-66-7P

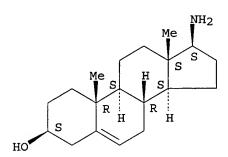
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta, 17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

cf. CA 65, 20208f; 66, 76285e. The synthesis of the title compound I was AB studied in detail and the following combination of methods was found reliable and convenient. The oxime derivative Ib of ketone Ia was reduced with Na-EtOH to  $3\beta$ -hydroxy- $17\beta$ -amino-androst-5-ene. The configurational assignment for amine IIa was supported by the results of a comparison with the  $17\alpha$ -epimer and by a proton magnetic resonance study of both isomers. Selective reaction between amine IIa and carbobenzyloxy-L-proline was achieved with Woodward's reagent K. several procedures explored for removing the carbobenzyloxy protecting group from amide IIc, Pd-catalyzed hydrogenolysis proved quite satisfactory. Hydrogenolysis of carbamate IIb to yield prolyl amide I was realized without affecting the  $\Delta 5$ -olefin system. A mass spectral study of amine I and the corresponding  $5\alpha$ -derivative (III) confirmed the latter observation. A brief review of procedures for the synthesis of steroidal amines is also presented.

L68 ANSWER 24 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN .

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1968:73128 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

68:73128

TITLE: AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

X-ray diffraction powder data for steroids. VIII Parsons, Jonathan; Holcomb, John B.; Beher, William T.

DACWF Title (1967), 15(2), 133-8

CODEN: HEHJAX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: IT 4350-66-7

RL: PRP (Properties)

(x-ray diffraction data for)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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NH2
                     S
        R
           H
                   H
S
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Data on the following 26 new steroids were included in this supplement:
AB
     2\alpha-bromo-5\alpha-cholestan-3-one, m. 173.5-74°;
     androsta-5,16-dien-3\beta-ol, m. 140-1.5°; androst-5-en-3\beta-
     ol, m. 127-8°; 5α-pregnan-20α-ol, m. 143-4.5°;
     5α-pregnan-20β-ol, m. 141-3°; androst-5-en-
     3β,17α-diol, m. 197-9°; 5α-pregnan-
     3β,20α-diol diacetate, m. 168-70°; 5β-pregnan-
     3\alpha,20\beta-diol diacetate, m. 111-13°; androsta-3,5-dien-17-
     one, m. 83-5°; androsta-4,16-dien-3-one, m. 134-6°;
     androst-4-en-3-one, m. 105.5-6.5°; androsta-4,6-dien-17β-ol-3-
     one, m. 203-5°; 17\alpha-methyl-androsta-4,9(11)-dien-17\beta-ol-
     3-one m. 170-2°; 5\beta-androstan-17\alpha-ol-3-one, m.
     142-4°; 3\alpha-acetoxy-5\beta-pregnan-20-one, m. 100-2°;
     androst-4-en-16\alpha-ol-3,17-dione, m. 184-6°;
     androst-5-en-3-ol-16,17-dione 16-oxime, m. 148-50°;
     3\alpha-acetoxy-5\beta-pregnan-12,20-dione, m. 131-4°;
     3\beta-acetoxy-5\alpha-pregnan-16-en-12, 20-dione-3\beta-acetoxy, m.
     177-9°; androst-4-en-11\alpha, 17\beta-diol-3-one, m.
     180-2°; 17\alpha-methyl-androst-4-en-11\alpha, 17\beta-diol-3-
     one, m. 156-9°; 5\beta-pregnan-3\alpha, 21-diol-20-one 21-acetate,
     m. 182-4^{\circ}; pregn-4-en-17\alpha, 20\beta, 21-triol-3-one, m.
     188-90°; pregn-4-en-11β,17α,20α, 21-tetrol-3-one,
     m. 258-60°; 17\beta-amino-androst-5-en-3\beta-ol, m.
     165-7°.
L68 ANSWER 25 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                           1965:454913 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                           63:54913
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 63:10028g-h,10029a-c
                           3-Glycosides of 17-amino-3-hydroxy-5-androstenes
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
                           MacPhillamy, Harold B.; Lucas, Robert A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                           CIBA Corp.
SOURCE:
                           4 pp.
                           Patent
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                           Unavailable.
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
```

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------------------19650615 US US 3189597 19590304 IT**2723-01-5**, Androst-5-en-3β-ol, 17-amino-(preparation of) RN2723-01-5 HCAPLUS Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

The title compds. can be used as hypertensive agents. A solution of 2 g. of  $3\beta$ -hydroxy-17 $\xi$ -trifluoroacetamido-5 $\alpha$ -androstane in 125 cc. of dry CHCl3, was stirred for 24 hrs. at room temperature with 5 g. of Ag2O, 5 g. acetobromglucose, and 5 g. of pulverized anhydrous CaSO4. The mixture was filtered, and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo and recrystd. from EtOH. The 3-D- $\beta$ -tetra acetylglucoside of 3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-17 $\xi$ -trifluoroacetamido-5 $\alpha$ -androstane (I), m. 227-9.5° after recrystn. from EtOH. A mixture of 1.27 g. of I, 20 cc. of EtOH, 2 cc. of H2O, and 1 g. of KOH was refluxed for 3 hrs. The solution was poured into ice-H2O and the 3-D- $\beta$ -glucoside of 17 $\xi$ -amino-3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-5 $\alpha$ -androstane, m. 225-60°, was filtered off. The crystals were dissolved in a little EtOH containing a few drops of concentrated HCl. The HCl

salt of 3-D- $\beta$ glucoside of 17 $\xi$ -amino-3 $\beta$ hydroxy-5 $\alpha$ -androstane was filtered off and washed with EtOH, m. <300°. The starting material used above was prepared by taking a solution of 10 g. of 3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-5-androsten-17-one in 150 cc. of hot absolute EtOH and treating with a solution of 2.78 g. of NH2OH.HCl in a min. amount of hot H2O followed by a solution of 3.28 g. anhydrous NaOAc in a min. amount of hot H2O. The mixture was refluxed for 2 hrs., cooled, and diluted with 350 cc. of cold H2O. The mixture was chilled, filtered and the crystalline 3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-17-oximino-5-androstene (II), was washed with H2O, m. 198-200°. A hot solution of 11.3 g. of II in 830 cc. of glacial AcOH was cooled and treated with H at atmospheric pressure in the presence of 2 g. of PtO2. The catalyst

was

filtered off, the filtrate concentrated to dryness in vacuo, the residue dissolved in warm MeOH, and made basic with dilute aqueous NaOH. The crystalline

17ξ-amino-3β-hydroxy-5α-androstane (III) was filtered off and recrystd. from aqueous MeOH, m. 163-4.5°. Four and 16 hundredths g. of III was dissolved in 35 cc. of dry pyridine and 7 cc. of trifluoroacetic anhydride was added. The solution was allowed to stand at room temperature for 2 hrs. and poured into cold H2O. The yellow gum crystallizes with stirring. The crystals were filtered off, dissolved in Et2O, and the solution washed with dilute aqueous HCl and H2O. On concentration it yields

6.9 g. of yellow crystals. These were dissolved in 350 cc. of EtOH to which was added 13.6 g. of KHCO3 in 175 cc. of cold H2O. After standing at room temperature for 48 hrs., H2O was added and filtered, m. 2025° yield 3.67 g. Similarly prepared were: 3-D- $\beta$ -tetraacetylglucoside of 3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-17 $\xi$ -trifluoroacetamido-5-androstene, m. 204-8°; 3-D- $\beta$ -glucoside of 17 $\xi$ amino-3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-5-androstene, m. 276° (decomposition); the HCl salt of 3-D- $\beta$ -glucoside of 17 $\xi$ -amino-3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-5-androstene, m. >300°; 17 $\xi$ -amino-3 $\beta$ hydroxy-5-androstene; m. 161-4°; 3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-17 $\xi$ -trifluoroacetamido-5-androstene, m. 222-7°; 3-D- $\beta$ -tetraacetylarabinoside of 3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-5 $\alpha$ -androstan-17-

one, m. 186°; 3-D- $\beta$ -tetraacetylarabinoside of 17 $\xi$ -amino-3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-5 $\alpha$ -androstane, m. 100-5°; 3-D- $\beta$ -arabinoside of 17 $\xi$ -amino-3 $\beta$ -hydroxy-5 $\alpha$ -androstane, m. 235° (decomposition).

L68 ANSWER 26 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:4309 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 64:4309 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 64:778h

TITLE: Racemic  $17\beta$ -hydroxy- $17\alpha$ -vinylestr-5(10)-en-

3-one

AUTHOR(S): Hiscock, A. K.; Whitehurst, J. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Exeter, UK

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Abstracts (1965),

(Oct.), 5772-4

CODEN: JCSAAZ; ISSN: 0590-9791

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

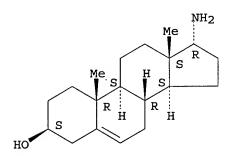
IT 1229-07-8, Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\alpha$ -amino-

(preparation of)

RN 1229-07-8 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\alpha$ -amino- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME):

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB HC.tplbond.CH and 3-methoxyestra-1,3,5(10),8-tetraen-17-one gave 17α-ethynyl-3-methoxyestra-1,-3,5(10),8-tetraen-17β-ol, which with Li in liquid NH3 afforded 17-ethylidene-3-methoxyestra-2,5(10)-diene, 3-methoxy-17α-vinylestra-2,5(10)-dien-17β-ol (I), and 17-ethylideneestra-1,3,5(10)-trien-3-ol. I and (CO2H)2.2H2O in aqueous MeOH gave 17β-hydroxy-17α-vinylestr-5(10)-en-3-one.

L68 ANSWER 27 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:4310 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 64:4310
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 64:778h,779a

TITLE: The synthesis of  $17\alpha$ -amino-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -

ol. N.M.R. spectra of 17-substituted androstanes

AUTHOR(S): Robinson, C. H.; Ermann, C.; Hollis, D. P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Johns Hopkins Univ., School of Med., Baltimore, MD

SOURCE: Steroids (1965), 6(5), 509-18 CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

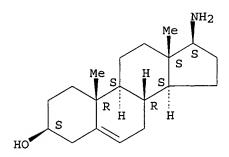
IT 4350-66-7, Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\beta$ -amino-

(nuclear magnetic resonance of)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



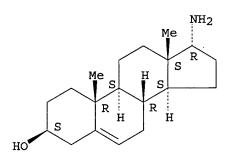
IT 1229-07-8, Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\alpha$ -amino-

(preparation of)

RN 1229-07-8 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\alpha$ -amino- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB The synthesis of  $17\alpha$ -amino-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol is described. Assignment of configuration at C-17, in 17-substituted 16-unsubstituted steroids, by N.M.R. spectroscopy has been put on a firm basis.

L68 ANSWER 28 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:440612 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 61:40612
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 61:7075c-e
TITLE: Primary amines

INVENTOR(S): De Ruggieri, Pietro; Gandolfi, Carmelo; Chiaramonti,

Domenico

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ormonoterapia Richter Societa per Azioni

SOURCE: 2 pp. DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Facence Unavailable

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KI	ND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3137710	19640616	us	
DE 1173484		DE	
GB 960939		GB	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	I	r	19610330
OMITED COIDER (C)	GRODEROM 61 4061	2	

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 61:40612

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta, 17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Primary amines were prepared by the reduction of alkoxyethylideneamino compds., AB RN:C(OR')Me (R = aliphatic, alicyclic, or araliphatic radical and R' = M or Et), by Na-Hg or Zn-Hg in an acid medium. This methode is effective for compds. such as  $16\alpha$ - or  $16\beta$ -methyl-17-(alkoxyethylideneamino) androstanes which are subject to strong steric hindrance. Thus, methylamine was prepared by the reaction of 1 part (1-ethoxyethylideneamino) methane, b. 99-100°, in 15 parts 3N HCl with 16 parts Na-Hg for 3 hrs. at 5-10°. The mixture was decanted from the Hg and evaporated to dryness in vacuo to give MeNH2.HCl, m. 226° (alc.-ether). Other amines prepared similarly: ethylamine, b. 16.5°; 1-amino-2-methylpropane, b. 67-9°; 1-aminopentadecane, b2 130-2°; aminocyclohexane, b7 61-3°; 17β-aminoandrost-5-en-3β-ol, b. 166-8°; 3β-acetoxy-17β-aminoandrost-5-ene, m. 133-4° (MeOH);  $17\beta$ -amino- $5\alpha$ -androstan- $3\beta$ -ol, m. 160-2° (EtOAc);  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $17\beta$ -amino- $5\alpha$ -androstane, m.  $102-5^{\circ}$ (MeOH);  $16\alpha$ -methyl- $17\beta$ -amino- $5\alpha$ -androstan- $3\beta$ -ol, m. 161-3° (MeOH);  $3\beta$ -acetoxy- $16\alpha$ -methyl- $17\beta$ -amino- $5\alpha$ -androstane, m. 135-7° (MeOH);  $16\alpha$ -methyl-17 $\beta$ aminoandrost-5-en-3β-ol, m. 168-71° (MeOH); 16β-methyl-17β-aminoandrost-5-en-3β-ol, m. 194-6° (MeOH); benzylamine, b. 185°.

L68 ANSWER 29 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:29861 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:29861
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:5319f-q

TITLE: 17α-Amino steroids

INVENTOR(S): Cole, John W.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories

SOURCE: 20 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

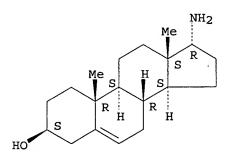
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION	NO.	DATE
FR 1365225 DE 1205094		19640626	FR DE		
GB 1010772 US 3155690 PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:	1964	GB US US		19620817

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OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 62:29861

IT 1229-07-8, Androst-5-en-3β-ol, 17α-amino-
(preparation of)

RN 1229-07-8 HCAPLUS
CN Androst-5-en-3β-ol, 17α-amino- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.



AB p-Toluene- or benzenesulfonates or methanesulfonates of 17β-hydroxy
steroids were prepared in the usual way and heated in stainless steel
vessels with excess liquid NH3 or the appropriate alkyl amine at
125-65° for 1 to 48 hrs. to give the title compds., which are
antiandrogenic. The p-toluenesulfonates of the following steroids were
prepared: testosterone, m. 171-2° (acetone-hexane);
3,3-ethylenedioxyandrost-5-en-17β-ol, m. 181-2° (CH2Cl2-MeOH);
3β-acetoxyandrost-5-en-17β-ol, m. 162-4° (Me2CO);
3β-hydroxyandrost-5-en-17β-ol, 130-2° (MeOH). The
following title compds. were then prepd: 17α-aminoandrost-5-en3β-ol (I), m. 193-5° (ether), [α]D -93° (CHCl3);
3β-acetoxy-17α-acetamidoandrost-5-ene (by acetylation of I), m.
161-1.5° (MeOH); 17α-methylaminoandrost-4-en-3-one, m.
183-5° (ether).

L68 ANSWER 30 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1965:3300 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 62:3300 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 62:631a-e

TITLE: Dimedon (5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione) as a

protecting agent for amine groups in peptide synthesis

AUTHOR(S): Halpern, B.; James, L. B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Australian Natl. Univ., Canberra

SOURCE: Australian Journal of Chemistry (1964), 17(11), 1282-7

CODEN: AJCHAS; ISSN: 0004-9425

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 62:3300 IT 4350-66-7, Androst-5-en-3β-ol, 17β-amino-

(peptide derivs.) 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN

AB cf. CA 61, 1932g. Dimedon (I) with amino acid esters yielded optically pure enamine derivs., which could be converted through their hydrazides into the corresponding azides. The protecting group can easily be removed from the N-protected peptides with aqueous Br with the formation of 2,2-dibromodimedon (II) and the HBr salt of the corresponding peptide (R = 5, 5-dimethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-on-3-y1 throughout this abstract) I(0.7 q.) in 15 cc. CHCl3 treated with 1.23 q. H2NCH2CO2CH2Ph.HBr (III.HBr) and 0.5 g. Et3N overnight yielded 1 g. RNHCH2CO2CH2Ph (IV), m. 132° (C6H6). Similarly were prepared the dimedon derivs. of the following compds. [m.p. and  $[\alpha]D$  (1%, CHCl3 given]: DL-alanine thiophenyl ester, 115°, --; L-alanine thiophenyl ester, 142°, -263°; L-leucine thiophenyl ester, 147°, -252°; L-leucine Me ester, 129°, -80°; L-valine thiophenyl ester, 133°, -325°; DL-valine nitrophenyl ester, 156°, --; DL-phenylalanine Et ester, 96°, --. The dimedon derivative of the last compound (0.6 g.) stirred 2 hrs. at room temperature with 3.5 cc. 80% N2H4.H2O yielded 0.5 g. DL-phenylalanine hydrazide, m. 148°. Similarly were prepared glycine hydrazide (V), m. 202° (EtOH), DL-leucine hydrazide, m. 160° (AcOEt), and DL-alanine hydrazide, m. 180° (MeOH-Et2O). DL-Alanine thiophenyl ester dimedon derivative (0.3 g.) and III in CHCl3 refluxed 5 hrs. gave 0.3 g. R-DL-Ala-Gly-OCH2Ph, m. 77° (C6H6) (method A). V (0.7g.) in 4 cc. H2O and 3.3 cc. N HCl treated slowly at 0° with 0.23 g. NaNO2 in 5 cc. H2O, the precipitate extracted into CHCl3, and the extract added to 0.8 g. III in 15 cc. CHCl3 at 0°, stirred 1 hr. at 0°, and kept 24 hrs. at room temperature gave 0.8 g. R-Gly-Gly-OCH2Ph, m. 126° (C6H6) (method B). Similarly were prepared the following compds. (m.p. and method of preparation given): R-Gly-DL-Ala-OEt, 140° (C6H6), B; R-L-Leu-Gly-OCH2Ph, 82° (Et2O-petr. ether), A and B [ $[\alpha]D$  -44.5° (1%, CHCl3)]; R-DL-Phe-Gly-OCH2Ph, 164° (MeOH-Et2O), B; R-DL-Val-Gly-OCH2Ph, 139° (AcOEt-hexane), A. R-Gly-Gly-OEt (VI) (0.5 g.) in 10 cc. H2O treated with aqueous Br to a persistent yellow color, cooled to 0°, filtered from II, and evaporated gave 0.2 g. Gly-Gly-OEt.HBr, m. 176° (absolute EtOH). Glycine Et ester dimedon derivative (VII) (2 g.) in 10 cc. 5N HCl kept at room temperature overnight yielded glycine-HCl dimedon derivative (VIII.HCl), m. 192°. IV (0.5 g.) treated 1 hr. at room temperature with 5 cc. 36% HBr-AcOH gave VIII.HBr. VIII.HCl (0.9 g.) in CHCl3 treated with 0.55 cc. Et3N gave VIII, m. 224° (H2O). VII (0.3 g.) shaken 10 min. with 5 cc. NH4OH (d. 0.88) yielded 0.2 g. glycinamide dimedon derivative, m. 204°. VI (0.4 g.) gave similarly 0.4 g. R-Gly-Gly-NH2, m. 185° (EtOH). VII (0.3 g.) treated overnight at room temperature with 5 cc. 5N NaOH gave glycine dimedon derivative m. 224° (H2O).

L68 ANSWER 31 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:425599 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 61:25599

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 61:4421e-h,4422a

TITLE: Amino steroids. XVI. 17-Monoamino and 3,17-diamino

steroids

AUTHOR(S): Schmitt, Josef; Panouse, Jacques J.; Hallot, Andre;

Pluchet, Hubert; Comoy, Pierre; Cornu, Pierre Jean

CORPORATE SOURCE: (Centre Rech. Etablissements, Paris

SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1964), (4),

771-5

CODEN: BSCFAS; ISSN: 0037-8968

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 61:25599

IT 4350-66-7, Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\beta$ -amino-.

(preparation of)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta, 17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

The reductive amination of oxo steroids with an amine, Al, HgCl2, and a AB hydroxylated solvent was applied to I. The reactivity varies in accordance with the nature of the amine as opposed to the steroid, but the only basic substances isolated up to now possess a  $17\beta$ -amine group. Considerable amts. of neutral by-products are also formed.  $3\beta$ ,  $17\beta$ -Diamino- $5\beta$ -androstane (II) was prepared by the Beckmann rearrangement of 3β-acetylamino-20-hydroxyimino-5βpregnane (III). I (5.77 g.) and 10 cc. 20% alc. MeNH2 refluxed 7 hrs. with 5.8 g. Al, 0.3 g. HgCl2, 100 cc. 95% EtOH, and 25 cc. H2O yielded 3.35 g.  $17\beta$ -methylamino-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol (IV), m. 206-8° (MeOH),  $[\alpha]$ 20.5D -67.4° (c 1.0) (all rotations were measured in CHCl3). IV (3q.), 9 g. HCO2H, and 3 cc. 40% aqueous CH2O refluxed 6 hrs. while being treated with an addnl. 3 cc. aqueous CH2O gave 2.0 g.  $17\beta$ -Me2N analog of IV, m. 212-14° (AcOEt). IV (9.06 g.) oxidized during 12 hrs. with 48 cc. cyclohexanone and 3 g. (isoPrO)3Al in 225 cc. refluxing MePh gave 5.4 g. 17β-methylamino-4-androsten-3-one, m. 97-100° (petr. ether),  $[\alpha]$  23D 115.1° (c 1.0). I (3.3 g.), 1.5 g. Al, 0.5 g. HgCl2, 7.5 cc. 95% EtOH, 1.5 cc. H2O, and 2 cc. pyrrolidine refluxed 4 hrs. yielded 0.3 g.  $17\beta$ - pyrrolidino analog of IV, m. 181-5° (petr. ether),  $[\alpha]$  28D -54.5° (c 0.5). I (5.8 g.), 3 g. Al, I g. HgCl2, 150 cc. 95% EtOH, 4 cc. H2O, and 2.6 g. N2H4.H2O refluxed 2.5 hrs., and the crude product (6 g.), m. 161-2°, dissolved in 10% aqueous AcOH left 1.2 q. insol. material; the filtrate extracted with AcOEt to remove 1 q. neutral steroids and basified with NH4OH yielded 3.3 g.  $17\beta$ -NH2 analog of II, m.  $158-9^{\circ}$ (AcOEt),  $[\alpha]25D - 67.8^{\circ}$  (c 0.5, CHCl3),  $[\alpha]23D$ -69.4° (c 1.0); N,O-di-Ac derivative m. 192-4° (iso-Pr20), [ $\alpha$ ] 23D 110  $\pm$  2° (c 0.5); N-benzylidene derivative m. 240° (EtOH). 3β-Acetylamino-20-hydroxyimino-5β-pregnane

(5 g.) in 20 cc. dry C5H5N treated with stirring at 0° with 10 cc. POCl3 in 30 cc. dry C5H5N, kept 0.5 hr. at 0° and 4-5 hrs. at room temperature, and poured into 70 cc. concentrated HCl and ice yielded 3.3 g.  $3\beta$ ,  $17\beta$ -diacetylamino- $5\beta$ -pregnane (V), m. above 270°, sublimed at 240-50°/0.05 mm., [ $\alpha$ ]24D -13.4° (c 1.0). V (11.2 g.), 54 g. NaOH, 360 cc. 95% EtOH, and 120 cc. H2O heated 4 hrs. at 180° in an autoclave, and the oily product, b0.05 175-90°, treated with 4.7 g. maleic acid yielded the maleate of II, m. 189-90° (decomposition) (H2O).

L68 ANSWER 32 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:73633 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:73633
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 56:14357e-i

TITLE: Synthesis of primary amines from N-substituted imido

esters

AUTHOR(S): de Ruggieri, Pietro; Gandolfi, Carmelo; Chiaramonti,

Domenico

CORPORATE SOURCE: Ormonoterpia Richter, Milan

SOURCE: Gazzetta Chimica Italiana (1961), 91, 665-71

CODEN: GCITA9; ISSN: 0016-5603

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

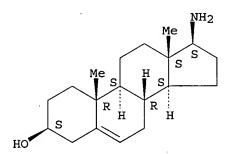
IT 4350-66-7, Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\beta$ -amino-

(preparation of)

RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB cf. preceding abstract. MeC(OR'):NR (I) were transformed into RNH2 (II) by the following method: one part I in 20-30 parts EtOH, tetrahydrofuran, or dioxane was treated at 0-5° with 15-20 parts 3N HCl and then, during 3 hrs., with 15-20 parts 3% or 5% Na-Hg, the solution decanted, made alkaline, and the product isolated by filtration, extraction, or distillation; the reduction

was carried out also by stirring 6-8 hrs. with Zn-Hg. RN:CHPh (III) were prepared from II with BzH in EtOH. The following simple I were transformed into the corresponding II (R, R', and b.p./mm. of I given): Me, Et, 99-100°/760; Et, Et, 80-2°/760; Me2CHCH2, Et, 145-7°/760; C15H31, Et, 163-5°/5; cyclohexyl, Me, 56-7°/10; cyclohexyl, Et, 61-3°/7; PhCH2, Et, 108-10°/17. The following steroids carrying the MeC(OR'):N group in the 17 $\beta$ -position were transformed into the corresponding 17 $\beta$ -amines by the same method (parent steroid, R', m.p. of II, [ $\alpha$ ]D of II, m.p., and [ $\alpha$ ]D of III derivative listed): androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol (IV), Me or Et, 166-8°, -54°, 236-8°, 1°; IV acetate, Me or Et, 132-4°,

L68 ANSWER 33 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1959:67855 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 53:67855

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 53:12345b-i,12346a-h

TITLE: Steroids and Walden inversion. XLI. Deamination of

some A-nor-, B-nor-, and 17-aminosteroids

AUTHOR(S): Shoppee, C. W.; Sly, J. C. P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Coll., Swansea, S. E. Wales

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Abstracts (1959)

345-56

CODEN: JCSAAZ; ISSN: 0590-9791

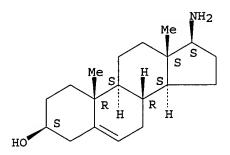
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 53:67855
IT 4350-66-7, Androst-5-en-3β-ol, 17β-amino-

(preparation of) RN 4350-66-7 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta, 17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



AB cf. C.A. 53, 1412g. NH2 groups attached to flexible 5-membered carbocyclic systems, e.g., cyclopentane, cis-perhydroindan, appear to possess mixed equatorial-axial character. NH2 groups attached to rigid 5-membered carbocyclic systems, e.g. trans-perhydroindan, or to such systems forming part of the nuclei of A-nor-5 $\alpha$ -, A-nor-5 $\beta$ - and 14 $\alpha$ -steroids, at positions adjacent to a bridgehead, appear to possess either equatorial character disclosed by deamination with retention of configuration, or axial character disclosed by deamination with ready and exclusive elimination (Saytzew orientation); nor steroids with NH2 groups not adjacent to a bridgehead, like aliphatic amino groups, undergo deamination with predominant inversion of configuration accompanied by some elimination. Cholestanol (11 g.) oxidized 2.5 hrs. at

70-5° with 11.5 g. CrO3 in 90% AcOH gave 8.5 g. 2,3-seco-5 $\alpha$ -cholestane-2,3-dioic acid, m. 196-7°

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(Et20-pentane), which when refluxed with Ac20 and distilled at
     300°/1.5 mm. gave 4.6 g. A-nor-5\alpha-cholestan-2-one (I), m.
     100-1° (MeOH); oxime m. 201-3° (EtOAc). I by reduction with
     excess Na in alc., or with (iso-PrO)3Al in slowly distilling (7 hrs.) PrOH
     gave a mixture of epimeric alcs., which were separated by overnight treatment
     with 4% alc. solution of digitonin. The insol. digitonide on decomposition
with
     C5H5N gave A-nor-5α-cholestan-2α-ol (II), m. 128°,
     [\alpha]D 38° (c 1.2, all rotations determined in CHCl3); acetate, m.
     80°, [\alpha]D 1° (c 0.8). The material not precipitated by
     digitonin gave A-nor-5\alpha-cholestan-2\beta-ol (III), as solvate, m.
     120° with transition to needles m. 135°, and after
     sublimation at 160^{\circ}/0.5 \text{ mm.}, m. 153^{\circ}, [\alpha]D 28^{\circ}
     (c 1.0); acetate m. 93°, [\alpha]D 25° (c 0.4). I oxime
     (0.6 g.) refluxed 2 hrs. in 200 cc. AmOH saturated with Na, left 1.5 hrs., and
     excess Na destroyed with alc. gave 580 mg. of oil which was
     chromatographed on Al203 to give 430 mg. 2\beta-amino-A-nor-5\alpha-
     cholestane (IV), b0.01 150°, [a]D 25.5° (c 0.9); acetyl derivative m. 190-1° (Me2CO), [a]D 39° (c 1.0). I
     oxime (0.5 g.) hydrogenated 6 hrs. with 200 mg. PtO2 in 50 cc. AcOH, the
     product acetylated, and chromatographed on Al2O3 gave 410 mg. IV N-Ac
     derivative 3,4-Seco-5-cholestene-3,4-dioic acid (m. 296°) was converted
     by refluxing with Ac20 and pyrolyzing at 300-20°/ 1.5 mm. into
     A-nor-5\beta-cholesten-3-one (V), m. 95°. Hydrogenation of V with
     PdO in Et2O-AcOH gave A-nor-5β-cholestan-3-one (VI), m. 74°;
     oxime m. 129-30°, [\alpha]D 74° (c 0.9). VI (250 mg.) in
     refluxing alc. treated 2 hrs. with Na, isolated, and chromatographed on
     Al203 gave 200 mg. A-nor-5\beta-cholestan-3\beta-ol (VII), m. 89°
     and 107°, [\alpha]D 51° (c 0.9). VI (85 mg.) refluxed 1
     hr. with 50 mg. LiAlH4 in Et2O gave 85 mg. of an oil which when
     chromatographed gave 69 mg. VII. VI (100 mg.) resisted hydrogenation in
     the presence of 44 mg. PtO2 in Et2O-AcOH containing 2 drops 60% HClO4 and was
     recovered unchanged (97 mg.). V oxime (0.6 g.) refluxed 3 hrs. in 120 cc.
     AmOH saturated with Na, left 1 hr., excess Na destroyed, and the mixture poured
     into H2O, extracted with Et2O, and worked up through the Et2O-insol. HCl salt
     gave 400 mg. 3\beta-amino-A-nor-5\beta-cholestane (VIII), b0.5
     181-5°, [\alpha]D 46° (c 0.8); Ac derivative m. 246-7°,
     [\alpha]D 48° (c 0.9). V oxime (250 mg.) reduced 0.75 hr. in 35
     cc. AcOH with 100 mg. PtO2 and H gave 220 mg. of an oil which when
     chromatographed on Al2O3 gave 3\alpha-amino-A-nor-5\beta-cholestane
     (IX), m. 66-8° (MeOH), [\alpha]D 9° (c 1.1); Ac derivative m.
     166-8°, [\alpha]D 67° (c 0.9). 3\beta-Hydroxy-6,7-seco-
     5\alpha\text{-cholestane-6,7-dioic} acid, m. 239°, was oxidized with CrO3 in AcOH to the 3-oxo acid, m. 254-5°. The 3-oxo acid (8.3 g.)
     refluxed 1 hr. with 215 cc. (CH2OH)2 containing 7 cc. N2H4.H2O with 8.3 g. Na,
     the temperature allowed to rise to 185° and refluxing continued 6 hrs.
     gave 7.3 g. 6,7-seco-5\alpha-cholestane-6,7-dioic acid (X), m.
     272-3° (AcOH). The Ba salt of X by pyrolysis 3 hrs. at
     400-20^{\circ}/1.5 mm. gave B-nor-5\beta, 8\alpha-cholestan-6-one (XI),
     m. 92-3° (aqueous Me2CO); oxime m. 185-7° (MeOH). XI (200 mg.)
     refluxed 1.5 hrs. in 80 cc. AmOH with Na and the crude product
     chromatographed gave 144 mg. B-nor-5β,8α-cholestan-6α-ol
     (XII), m. 85-7° (aqueous Me2CO), [\alpha]D 42° (c 1.0). XI
     (300 mg.) refluxed 14 hrs. with excess LiAlH4 and the 290 mg. of crude
     product chromatographed on Al203 gave 145 mg. unchanged XI and 120 mg.
     XII. XII left overnight with SOCl2 in C5H5N gave B-nor-8α-cholest-5-
     ene, an oil. XI oxime (215 mg.) refluxed 4 hrs. with Na and AmOH gave
     after chromatography 6\alpha-amino-B-nor-5\beta, 8\alpha-cholestane
```

(XIII), b1 220-30°,  $[\alpha]D$  33° (c 1.1); Ac derivative, b0.4 180-90°, m. 178-80° (Me2CO), [ $\alpha$ ]D 14° (c 1.1). XI oxime (110 mg.) in 30 cc. dioxane refluxed 16 hrs. with excess LiAlH4 and the crude product acetylated and chromatographed gave XIII Ac derivative XI oxime (120 mg. resisted hydrogenation in 30 cc. AcOH with 50 mg. PtO2 at 20° and at 55-60° with 4 drops 60% HClO4.  $5\alpha$ -Androstan-17-one oxime (XIV) (1 g.) similarly treated with Na in alc. gave  $17\beta$ -amino- $5\alpha$ -androstane (XV), m.  $138-41^{\circ}$ (Me2CO); Ac derivative m. 208-9° (EtOAc). XIV (0.5 g.) in 100 cc. Et2O refluxed 3 hrs. with 1 g. LiAlH4 gave 480 mg. XV. XIV (0.4 g.) hydrogenated 1 hr. with 50 cc. AcOH, 100 mg. PtO2, and 2 drops 60% HClO4 gave 380 mg. XV.  $3\beta$ -Acetoxy-5-androsten-17-one oxime (XVI) (1.5 g.) similarly reduced with 100 cc. alc. and Na gave 1.3 g. 17β-amino-5-androsten-3β-ol (XVII), m. 160° (EtOAc),  $[\alpha]D$  -80° (c 1.0); N,O-di-Ac derivative m. 196°;  $[\alpha]D$  -88° (c 0.5). XVI (0.5 g.) in 50 cc. Et20 refluxed 3 hrs. with excess LiAlH4 gave 450 mg. XVII.  $3\beta$ -Acetoxy-5-etienic acid (0.5 g.) in 20 cc. C6H6 refluxed 2 hrs. with 1 cc. purified SOCl2, the chloride in 60 cc. 2:1 Me2CO-dioxane treated 0.5 hr. with 300 mg. NaN3 in 1.2 cc. H2O, and this material heated 1.5 hrs. in C6H6 gave the  $17\beta$ -isocyanate, which was refluxed 2 hrs. with 20 cc. AcOH and 7 cc. concentrated HCl, evaporated, and the product refluxed 1 hr. with 15% MeOHNaOH, and

the base isolated through the Et20-insol. HCl salt and chromatographed to give 175 mg. XVII. In the following 6 expts. the steroid amine was dissolved in 50% AcOH and where necessary dioxane added to give full solution NaNO2 (2-3 times the weight of amine) in 50% AcOH was added dropwise at 20°, the mixture left overnight, after basification with 4N NaOH, and the product isolated by extraction with Et2O, and then hydrolysis 0.5 hr. with 5% MeOH-KOH, or acetylation at 100°. (1) IV (205 mg.) gave a product which by chromatography on Al2O3 gave 5 mg. of an oil which did not crystallize, but gave a pos. test for unsatn. with C(NO2)4 in CHCl3, and is probably A-nor-5 $\alpha$ -cholest-1(and/or -2)-ene, 125 mg. of II, and 60 mg. of an oil which by acetylation gave IV Ac derivative (2) VIII (0.6 g.) gave a product from which most of the basic material was separated by treatment with dry HCl in Et2O. The Et2O-insol. HCl salt (290 mg.) gave on acetylation VIII Ac derivative The 315 mg. of residue by chromatography gave: (a) 177 mg. A-norcholest-3(5)-ene (XVIII), m. 80°,  $[\alpha]D$ 53° (c 1.1); (b) 119 mg. VII; and (c) 14 mg. of oil, which on acetylation gave VII Ac derivative (3) IX (210 mg.) gave 195 mg. of crude product which on chromatography gave (a) 82 mg. XVIII, and (b) 105 mg. oils which on acetylation gave IX Ac derivative (4) XIII (300 mg.) gave 280 mq. crude product which on chromatography gave (a) 50 mg. B-nor-8 $\alpha$ -cholest-5-ene, noncryst. but gave a pos. C(NO2)4 test; (b) 146 mg. of a substance, C26H46ON2, m. 121° and 136-8°, and (c) 75 mg. of oil which on acetylation gave XIII Ac derivative (5) XV (130 mg.) gave 125 mg.  $5\alpha$ -androstan-17 $\beta$ -ol, m. 168-70° (hexane). (6) XVII (0.5 g.) gave 485 mg. androst-5-ene-3β,17βdiol, m. 177-80° (EtOAc). Complete absence of elimination products in the deamination of  $17\beta$ -amino steroids may reflect the presence of the angular Me group on the adjacent bridgehead C atom and suggests that a diazonium ion, rather than a carbonium ion, is the important intermediate.

```
L68 ANSWER 34 OF 41 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
```

ACCESSION NUMBER: CA64:779a CAOLD

17-hydroxymethyl steroids-preparation of 17α-hydroxy-

17β-hydroxymethyl-4-androsten-3-one from Reichstein

substance S

AUTHOR NAME: Schubert, Alfred; Schwarz, S.

TITLE: synthesis of  $17\alpha$ -amino-5-androsten-3 $\beta$ -ol-nuclear

magnetic resonance spectra of 17-substituted androstanes

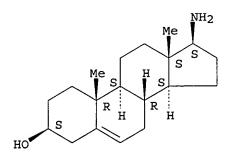
Robinson, Cecil H.; Ermann, C.; Hollis, D. P. AUTHOR NAME:

TT 4350-66-7

4350-66-7 CAOLD RN

Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.



L68 ANSWER 35 OF 41 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: CA64:778h CAOLD

racemic  $17\beta$ -hydroxy- $17\alpha$ -vinylestr-5(10)-en-3-one TITLE:

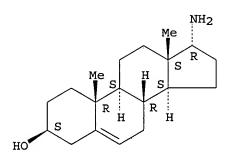
AUTHOR NAME: Hiscock, Alan K.; Whitehurst, J. S.

IT 1229-07-8

RN 1229-07-8 CAOLD

Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\alpha$ -amino- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.



L68 ANSWER 36 OF 41 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: CA63:10029c CAOLD

TITLE:

steroid compds.

AUTHOR NAME:

Mazur, Robert H. Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

TITLE:

steroids

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Searle, G. D., & Co.

DOCUMENT TYPE: PATENT NO.

\_\_\_\_\_

Patent

KIND

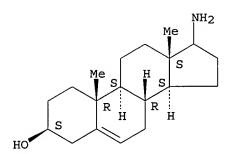
DATE

ΡI GB 996256

IT 2723-01-5

RN2723-01-5 CAOLD

Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN



L68 ANSWER 37 OF 41 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: CA62:5319g CAOLD

TITLE: 3β, 17α-acyloxy-16-methylene-3,5-pregnadiene

20-one

PATENT ASSIGNEE: Merck, E., A.-G.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

PI FR M2595

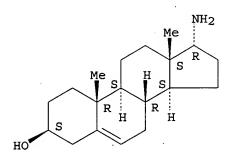
US 3183158 1965

IT 1229-07-8

RN 1229-07-8 CAOLD

CN Androst-5-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, 17 $\alpha$ -amino- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L68 ANSWER 38 OF 41 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: CA61:7075e CAOLD

TITLE:  $5\alpha$ -chloro- $17\alpha$ -ethynyl-19-norandrostan- $17\beta$ -

ol-3-one

AUTHOR NAME: Iriarte, Jose PATENT ASSIGNEE: Syntex Corp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

IT 4350-66-7

RN 4350-66-7 CAOLD

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L68 ANSWER 39 OF 41 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: CA61:4421e CAOLD

TITLE: amino steroids - (XVI) 17-monoamino and 3,17-diamino

steroids

AUTHOR NAME: Schmitt, Josef; Panouse, J. J.; Hallot, A.; Pluchet, H.;

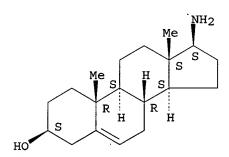
Comoy, P.; Cornu, P. J.

IT 4350-66-7

RN 4350-66-7 CAOLD

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L68 ANSWER 40 OF 41 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: CA56:14357e CAOLD

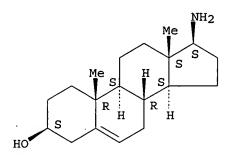
TITLE: synthesis of primary amines from N-substituted imido esters

AUTHOR NAME: De Ruggieri, Pietro; Gandolfi, C.; Chiaramonti, D.

IT 4350-66-7

RN 4350-66-7 CAOLD

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L68 ANSWER 41 OF 41 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: CA53:12345b CAOLD

TITLE: steroids and Walden inversion - (XLI) deamination of A-nor-,

B-nor-, and 17-aminosteroids

AUTHOR NAME: Shoppee, Charles W.; Sly, J. C. P.

IT 4350-66-7

RN 4350-66-7 CAOLD

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-,  $(3\beta, 17\beta)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

searched by D. Arnold 571-272-2532

Spear 10/087,929 Salts

03/25/2004

## => file registry

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:26:00 ON 25 MAR 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 24 MAR 2004 HIGHEST RN 667234-34-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 24 MAR 2004 HIGHEST RN 667234-34-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2004

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=> file hcaplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 25 Mar 2004 VOL 140 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Mar 2004 (20040324/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

## => file ificdb

FILE 'IFICDB' ENTERED AT 12:26:19 ON 25 MAR 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 IFI CLAIMS(R) Patent Services (IFI)

FILE COVERS 1950 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 23 Mar 2004 (20040323/PD)
FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Mar 2004 (20040324/ED)
HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US2004038401
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2004055066
UNITERM INDEXING LAST UPDATED: 23 Mar 2004 (20040323/UP)

files

INDEXING CURRENT THROUGH PAT PUB DATE: 26 Aug 2003 (20030826/PD)

The (S) proximity operator should be used to correctly link chemical uniterms with role numbers. Enter 'HELP (S)' at an arrow prompt for more information on using the (S) operator when searching this file.

IFICDB has been reloaded (12/21/2003). See HELP RLOAD for details.

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FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:26:23 ON 25 MAR 2004
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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Mar 19, 2004 (20040319/UP).

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=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:43:16 ON 25 MAR 2004)

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L2 SEL PLU=ON L1 1- RN: 191 TERMS L3 191 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L2

191 SEA FILE=REGISTRI ABB=ON PLO=ON I

ACTIVATE PSPE929STR/Q

L4 STR

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:00:25 ON 25 MAR 2004

L6 SCREEN 1841

L7 50 S L6 AND L5

L8 2162078 S NRRS>=4 NOT ((IDS OR MNS OR TIS)/CI OR SEQUENCE/FS)

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:10:15 ON 25 MAR 2004

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L10 2136544 S NRRS>=4 NOT ((IDS OR MNS OR TIS OR PMS)/CI OR SEQUENCE/FS)

L11 50 S (L6 AND L5) SSS SAM SUB=L10

L12 1427792 S NRRS>=4 NOT ((IDS OR MNS OR TIS OR PMS OR CCS)/CI OR SEQUENCE

L13 50 S (L6 AND L5) SSS SAM SUB=L12

L14 1095899 S NRRS>=4 NOT (NC>1 OR (IDS OR MNS OR TIS OR PMS OR CCS)/CI OR

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:03:41 ON 25 MAR 2004

L16 2128 S L15 FUL

L17 0 S L16 AND L3

SAVE TEMP L15 PSPE929STR/Q SAVE TEMP L16 PSPE929REG/A

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FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:11:33 ON 25 MAR 2004 L19 STR L18

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:12:42 ON 25 MAR 2004 L20 326 S L19 SSS FUL SUB=L16

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:16:05 ON 25 MAR 2004 L21 STR L19

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:16:41 ON 25 MAR 2004

L22 38 S L21 SSS FUL SUB=L20

L23 5 S L22 AND C19H31NO/MF

L24 33 S L22 NOT L23 SAVE TEMP L23 SPE929TARREG/A

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L70 2 S E337-E341/CRN SAVE TEMP L70 SPE929TARMIX/A

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 12:17:40 ON 25 MAR 2004

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:17:46 ON 25 MAR 2004 L71 3 S L70 SAVE TEMP L71 SPE929HCA3/A

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:26:00 ON 25 MAR 2004

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:26:11 ON 25 MAR 2004

FILE 'IFICDB' ENTERED AT 12:26:19 ON 25 MAR 2004

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:26:23 ON 25 MAR 2004

select en from set containing elected species

search as ICEN to pick up mixtures and/or satts

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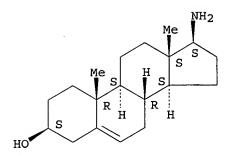
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L71 3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L70

search in HCAPLUS

=> d que 172

L70 2 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (1229-07-8/CRN OR 20989-30-4/



## HCl

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Androstenes I and II (R = AcNH, R1R2 = 0) and II (R = H2N, HCONH; R1 = OH, R2 = H) were prepared from pregnenone III (R = Ac, R1 = AcO, R2 = H). Thus, III (R = Ac, R1 = AcO, R2 = H) underwent successive oximation, Beckmann rearrangement, saponification, and Oppenauer oxidation to give androstenone I

AcNH, R1R2 = 0), which was dehydrogenated to II (R = AcNH, R1R2 = 0). Similarly prepared was III (R = HCONH, R1 = OH, R2 = H).

L71 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:496995 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 75:96995

TITLE: Steroidal androgen biosynthesis inhibitors
AUTHOR:(S): Arth, G. E.; Patchett, A. A.; Jefopoulus, T.;

Bugianesi, R. L.; Peterson, L. H.; Ham, E. A.; Kuehl,

F. A., Jr.; Brink, N. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Synth. Chem. Dep., Merck Sharp and Dohme Res. Lab.,

Rahway, NJ, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1971), 14(8), 675-9

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

IT 34386-20-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 34386-20-4 HCAPLUS

CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, hydrochloride,  $(3\beta,17\beta)$ - (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

L72

1 SEA FILE=IFICDB ABB=ON PLU=ON L70

zearch in DFICDB

=> d 171 ibib hitstr abs 1-YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:Y

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 3 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

L71 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1981:604265 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

95:204265

TITLE:

Synthesis of  $16\alpha$ -bromoacetoxy androgens and

17β-bromoacetylamino-4-androsten-3-one:potential affinity labels of human placental aromatase

AUTHOR(S): Numazawa, Mitsuteru; Osawa, Yoshio

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Found. Buffalo, Inc.,

Med. Found. Buffalo, Inc., Buffalo, NY, 14203, USA Steroids (1981), 38(2), 149-59

SOURCE:

CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

IT

AGE: English
79862-64-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 79862-64-9 HCAPLUS

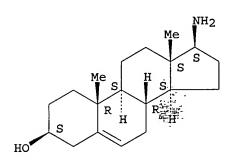
CN Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, (3β,17β)-, acetate (salt) (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 4350-66-7 CMF C19 H31 N O

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

о || но- с- сн<sub>3</sub> · CELLY-

The treatment of I (X = H2, X1 = O, R = Br; X = X1 = O, R = Br) with 75% AB aqueous pyridine and N NaOH gave I [X = H2, X1 = O, R = OH (II); X = X1 = O, R = OH (III)]. Reductive amination of  $3\beta$ -hydroxyandrost-5-en-17-one and 3-methylandrosta-3,5-dien-7-one gave 17β-aminoandrost-5-en- $3\beta$ -ol acetate salt and  $17\beta$ -aminoandrost-4-en-3-one hydrochloride (IV), resp. II, III and IV were converted to their bromoacetyl derivs. I [X = H2, X1 = O, R = BrCH2CO2 (V); X = X1 = O, R = BrCH2CO2 (VI)] and  $17\beta$ -(bromoacetylamino)androst-4-en-3-one. V and VI are active as competitive inhibitors of partially purified human placental aromatase II, and their inhibitory effect is weaker than that of  $17\beta$ -(bromoacetoxy) androst-4-en-3-one.

L71 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

Ι

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1974:505812 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

81:105812

TITLE:

3-Oxygenated-17-acylamido androstanes

INVENTOR(S):

Arth, Genl E.; Sarett, Lewis H.; Patchett, Arthur A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck and Co., Inc.

SOURCE:

U.S., 4 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

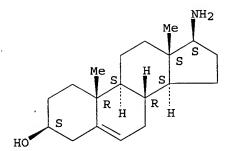
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3821374	Α	19740628		US 1972-272837	19720718
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		US	1970-68028	19700828
IT 34386-20-4P					
RL: SPN (Synthet	ic pre	paration);	PREP	(Preparation)	
(preparation	of)				

34386-20-4 HCAPLUS RN

Androst-5-en-3-ol, 17-amino-, hydrochloride, (3β,17β)- (9CI) CN(CA INDEX NAME)



HCl

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. GI By a variety of methods including Beckman rearrangement O-deacylation, and Oppenauer oxidation, a series of 17β-acylaminoandrost-4-en-3-ones, such as 17β-formamidoandrost-4-en-3-one (I), 17β-ureidoandrosta-1,4diene-3-one, and  $17\beta$ -acetamidoandrost-4-en-3 $\beta$ -ol, was synthesized and tested as inhibitors of 17,20-lyase. These compds. inhibited androgen synthesis in vitro in a rat testicular microsomal preparation and in vivo. The steroidal androgen synthesis inhibitors were more specific in their action than nonsteroidal inhibitors previously reported. High inhibition was associated with androst-4-3n-3-ones bearing substituents C-17β closely related to CH3CO2 in size and polarity. Larger groups at C-17 were associated with decreased activity as was epimerization at C-17 or by 17a substitution. These inhibitors apparently resembled an intermediate transition state on the enzyme at which a separation of the C-17,20 atoms occurred. The inhibitory compds., however, lack a  $17\alpha\text{-OH}$  group and therefore there is no pathway to products.

=> d 172 1- ibib ab
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'IFICDB' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 1 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

L72 ANSWER 1 OF 1 IFICDB COPYRIGHT 2004 IFI on STN

AN 00870466 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB

TITLE: CHEMICAL COMPOSITIONS; 3-OXYGENATED-17-ACYLAMIDO-

STEROIDS

INVENTOR(S): Arth, Geln E, Cranford, NJ

Patchett, Arthur A, Cranford, NJ Sarett, Lewis H, Princeton, NJ Merck & Co, Inc, Rahway, NJ

searched by D. Arnold 571-272-2532

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Roberts, Elbert L

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

AGENT: Anderson, Jr, Rudolph J

Arno, James A

Westlake, Jr, Harry E

GRANTED PATENT NO.

OR STATUS APPLN. NUMBER DATE \_\_\_\_\_\_ -----

CONTINUATION OF: FAMILY INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE:

US 1970-68028 US 3821374 Utility CHEMICAL

19700828 19740628

FILE SEGMENT:

=>

GRANTED

OTHER SOURCE:

CA 81:105812

7 NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

THE INVENTION DISCLOSED HEREIN RELATES TO NOVEL STEROID COMPOSITIONS AND, MORE PARTICULARLY, TO COMPOSITIONS EFFECTIVE AS ANDROGEN BIOSYNTHESIS INHIBITORS AND CONTAINING 3-OXYGENATED-17ACYLAMIDO-STEROIDS OF THE ANDROSTANE SERIES. THE NEW COMPOSITIONS , COMPRISING 3-OXYGENATED-17-ACYLAMIDOANDROSTANES AND UNSATURATED DERIVATIVES, ARE EXTREMELY ACTIVE IN LOWERING THE BIOSYNTHESIS OF TESTICULAR ANDROGENS WHICH CAN STIMULATE OVER DEVELOPMENT OF SEBACEOUS GLANDS WITH RESULTANT ACNE AND WHICH ARE OFTEN PRODUCTIVE OF PROSTATIC ENLARGEMENT.

=> ANSWER 1 OF 1 IFICDB COPYRIGHT 2004 IFI on STN L72 1778-02-5; 1865-62-9; 2484-47-1; 4350-67-8; 17916-30-2; 27508-62-9; RN29485-93-6; 34386-20-4